

# 1 MW AGS proton driver

---

Parameters and layout

1.3 GeV Superconducting Linac

2.5 Hz AGS: parameters and beam loss considerations

Bunch compressor ring

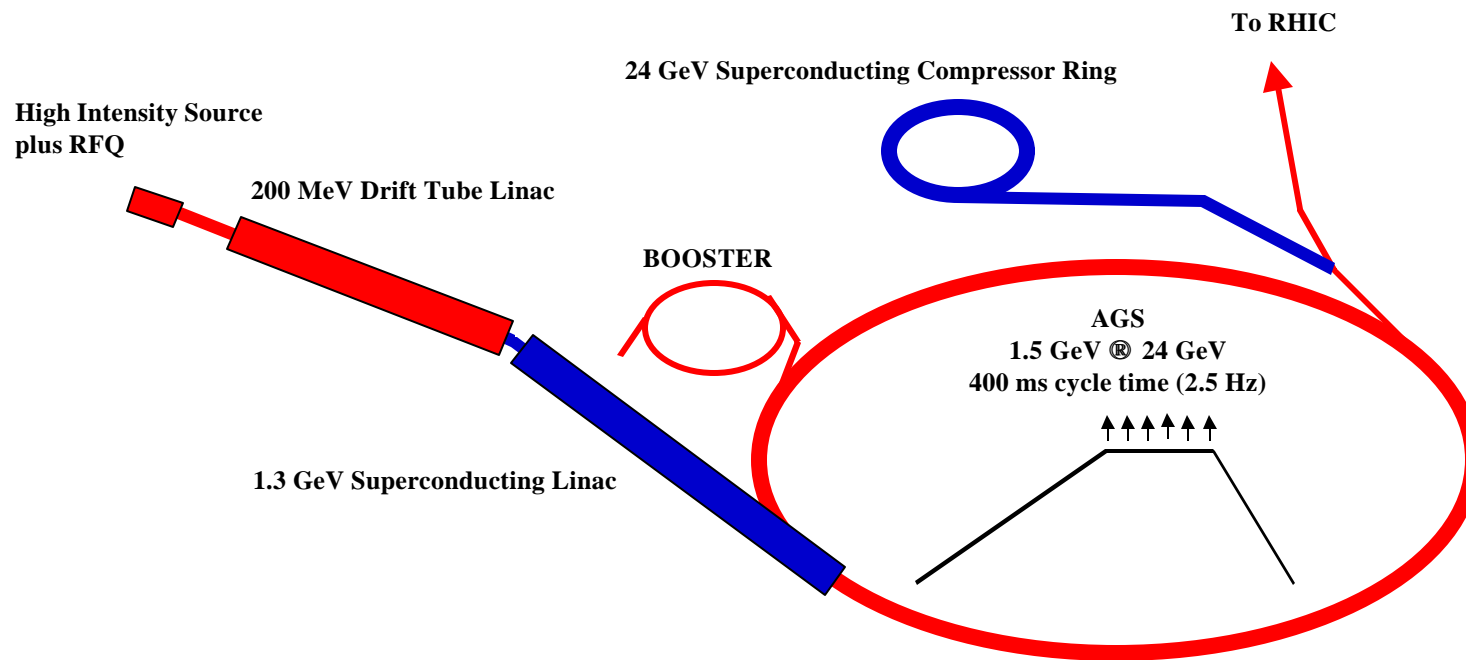
# AGS proton driver parameters

---

- Total beam power 1 MW
- Beam energy 24 GeV
- Average current 42  $\mu$ A
- Cycle time 400 ms
- Number of protons per fill  $1 \times 10^{14}$
- Average circulating current 5.3 A
- Number of bunches per fill 6 (  $1.7 \times 10^{13}$  protons per bunch)
- Time between extracted bunches 20 ms
- rms bunch length 3 ns
- Peak bunch current 400 A
- Total bunch area 10 eVs ( rms emittance 0.8 eVs)
- rms momentum spread  $270 \text{ MeV} / 24 \text{ GeV} = 1.1 \%$

# AGS proton driver layout

---



# Superconducting Linac

---

1.3 GeV (0.2  $\rightarrow$  1.5 GeV) Linac modeled after SNS superconducting linac:

|                       |                           |                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Beam energy           | 0.2 $\rightarrow$ 0.7 GeV | 0.7 $\rightarrow$ 1.5 GeV |
| Rf frequency          | 805 MHz                   | 805 MHz                   |
| Eff. average gradient | 9 MeV/m                   | 9 MeV/m                   |
| Length                | 55 m                      | 88 m                      |
| Average beam power    | 29 kW                     | 63 kW                     |

If this average gradient can not be achieved the present 200 MeV DTL will have to be upgraded to 400 MeV (à la Fermilab).

# AGS upgrades

---

New 1.5 GeV H- injection channel:

- Modeled after SNS but lower repetition rate and less foil traversals.
- 1.0 % controlled losses, 0.1 % uncontrolled losses.

New power supply for 2.5 Hz repetition rate:

presently:

- |                                      |                   |        |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| • Peak power                         | 100 MW            | 50 MW  |
| • Average power                      | $\approx 3$ MW    | 4 MW   |
| • Peak current                       | 5 kA              | 5 kA   |
| • Peak total voltage                 | + 15 kV / - 25 kV | 7.5 kV |
| • Number of power converters / feeds | 6 - 8             | 2      |

More AGS rf power:

- Need about 900 kV with 30 degrees synchronous phase ( now: 400 kV)
- High gradient cavities with about 30 kV/m [Finemet,...]

# Beam losses in AGS

---

| Major loss points           | Present AGS |        | 1 MW AGS    |        |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|
|                             | % particles | Power  | % particles | Power  |
| Injection and early accel.: |             |        |             |        |
| Controlled                  |             |        | 1.0 %       | 0.6 kW |
| Uncontrolled                | 30 %        | 1.9 kW | 0.1 %       | 0.1 kW |
| Transition                  | 2.0 %       | 0.4 kW | 1.0 %       | 2.9 kW |
| Total:                      |             | 2.3 kW |             | 3.6 kW |

- Injection losses are assumed to be 10 times SNS values scaling approx. with machine aperture.
- Transition losses are presently dominated by beam momentum spread required for AGS injection stacking. Direct injection should eliminate chromatic transition losses.
- 3.6 kW should be acceptable for hand maintenance.

# Compressor ring

---

Small superconducting ring to compress a single 24 GeV, 10 eVs bunch to 3 ns rms length. Small size reduces space charge tune shift and gap volt requirements.

- Circumference 200 m
- Energy 24 GeV
- Dipole field 4 Tesla
- Packing factor 60 %
- Transition gamma 40
- Momentum acceptance  $\pm 5$  %
- Rf frequency 6 MHz ( $h = 4$ )
- Rf Voltage per turn  $> 200$  kV
- Bunch length compression (rms) 20 ns  $\rightarrow$  3 ns

Need to develop a low dispersion lattice similar to FFAG lattices.

# Bunch compression

