

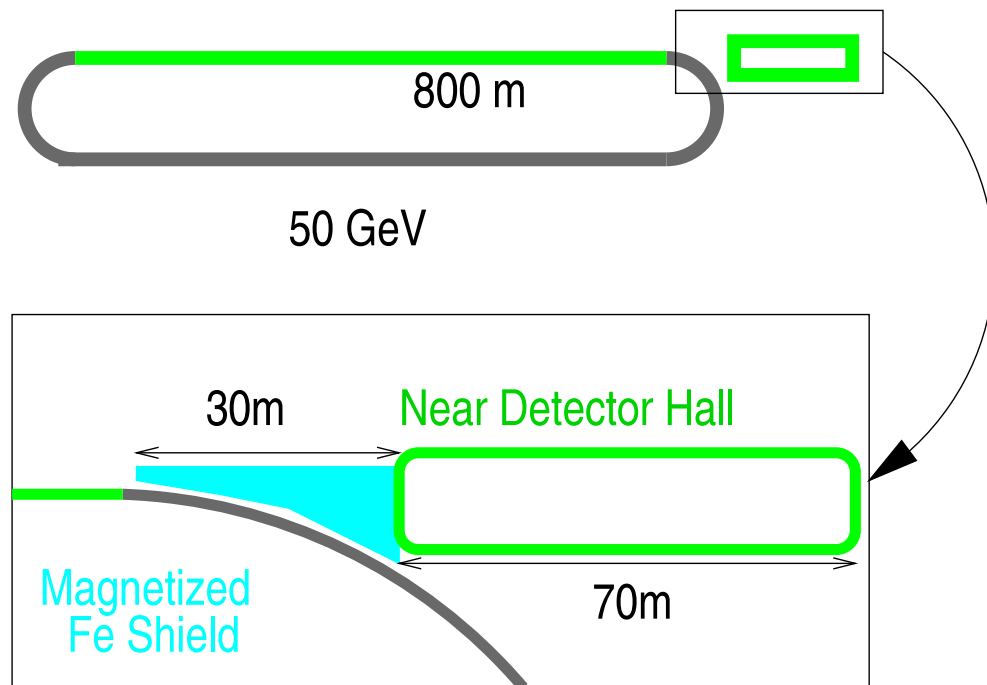
NUFACT 2000

24 May 2000

Collaborators: D. Harris, H. Schellman

Strawman Experimental Hall

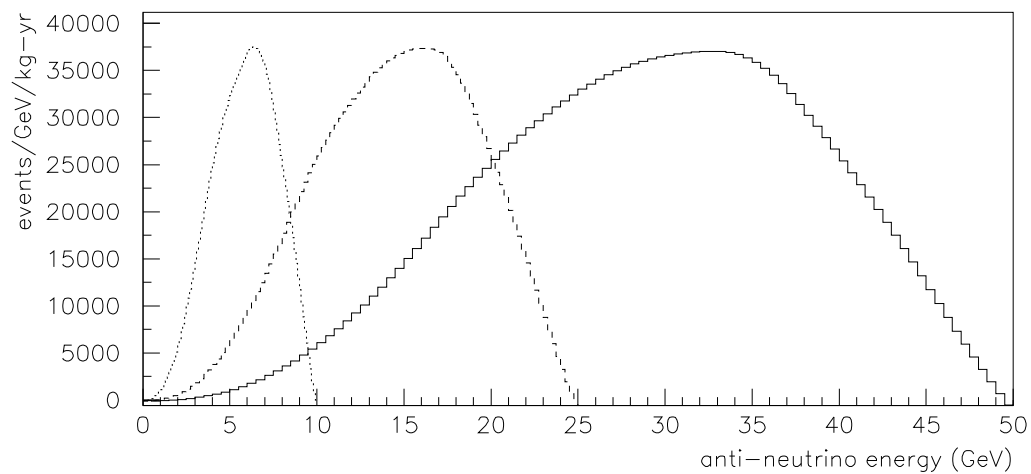
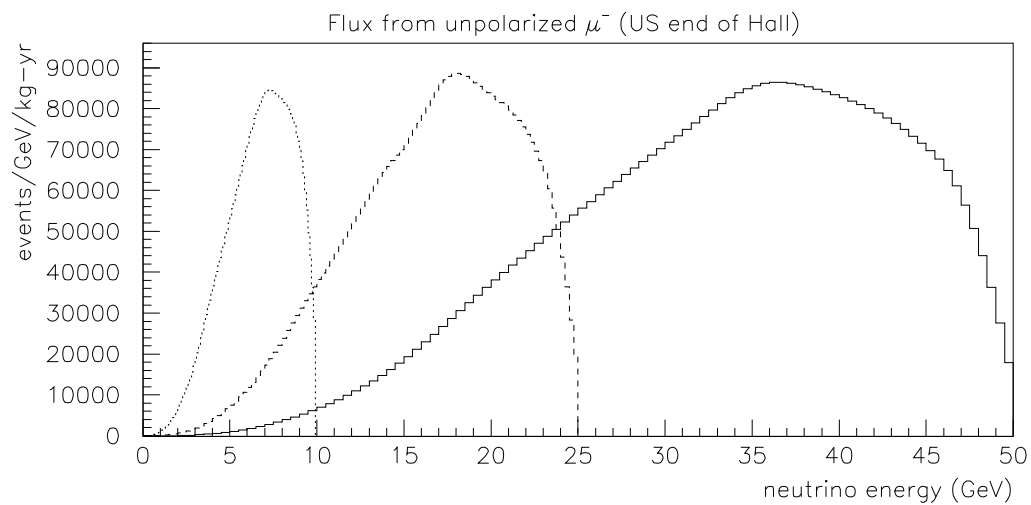
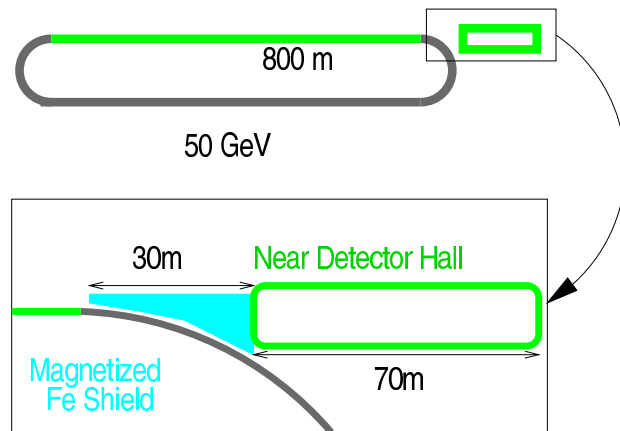
$10^{20}/\text{yr}$ μ decays in the green straight section $\Rightarrow$
 5–8% of all interactions in detector 10 cm in radius
 40–50% of all interactions in detector 50 cm in radius
 $\approx 1.5\text{--}3 \times 10^6 \times \frac{E_\mu}{50 \text{ GeV}}/\text{kg}/\text{yr}$ at beam center
 (FNAL Neutrino Factory Study Group Parameters)



c.f.: Competing facilities

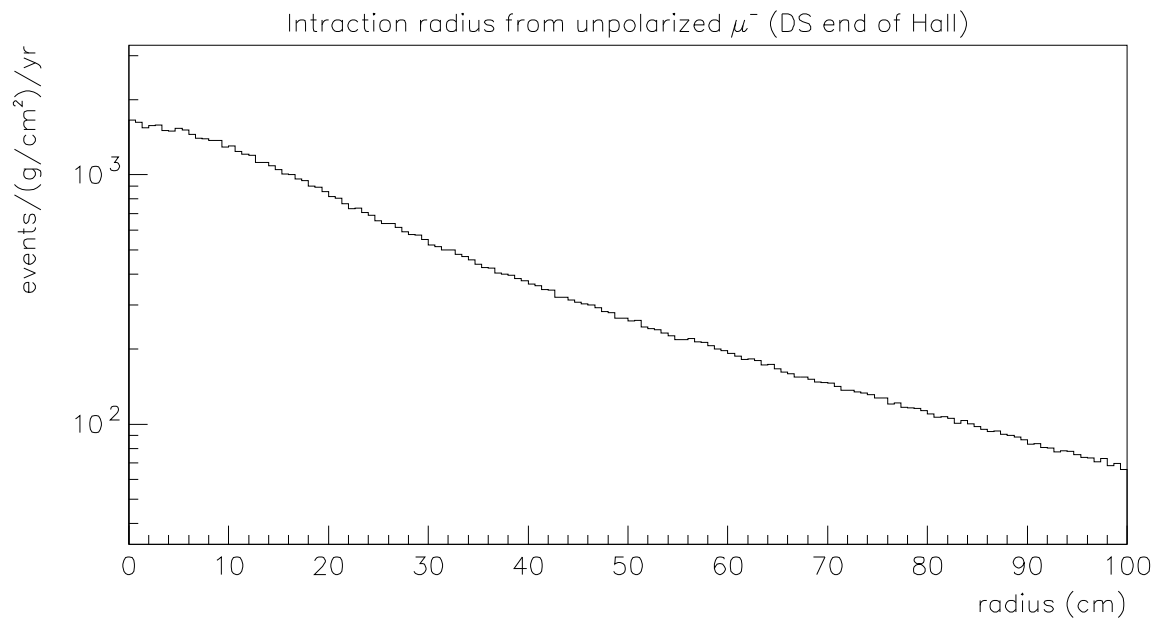
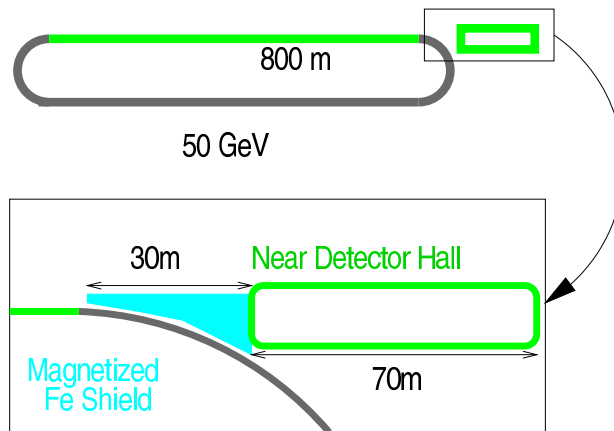
Beam	$\langle E_\nu \rangle$ [GeV]	ν/yr , near detector
NuTeV/CCFR	100	$\sim 10^{14}/1 \text{ m}^2$
CHORUS/NOMAD	30	$\sim 3 \times 10^{15}/1 \text{ m}^2$
MINOS Near	15	$\sim 10^{17}/1 \text{ m}^2$
Neutrino Factory	30	$5 \sim 10^{19}/1 \text{ m}^2$

Fluxes



(50, 25, 10 GeV beams shown, distance scaled with E_μ)

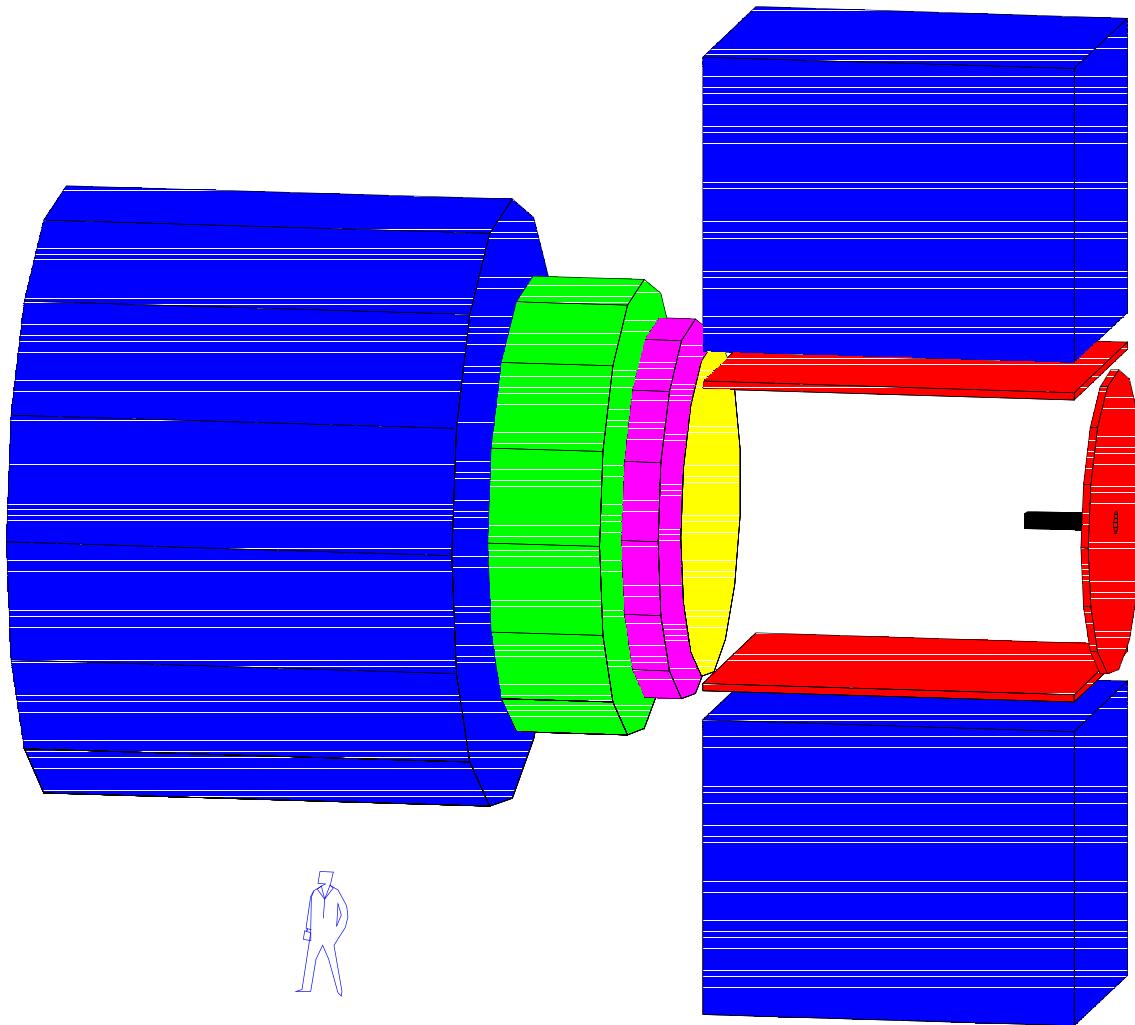
Fluxes II



ν radial distribution for 50 GeV muon beam

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} \approx 500$$

Neutrino Detectors??

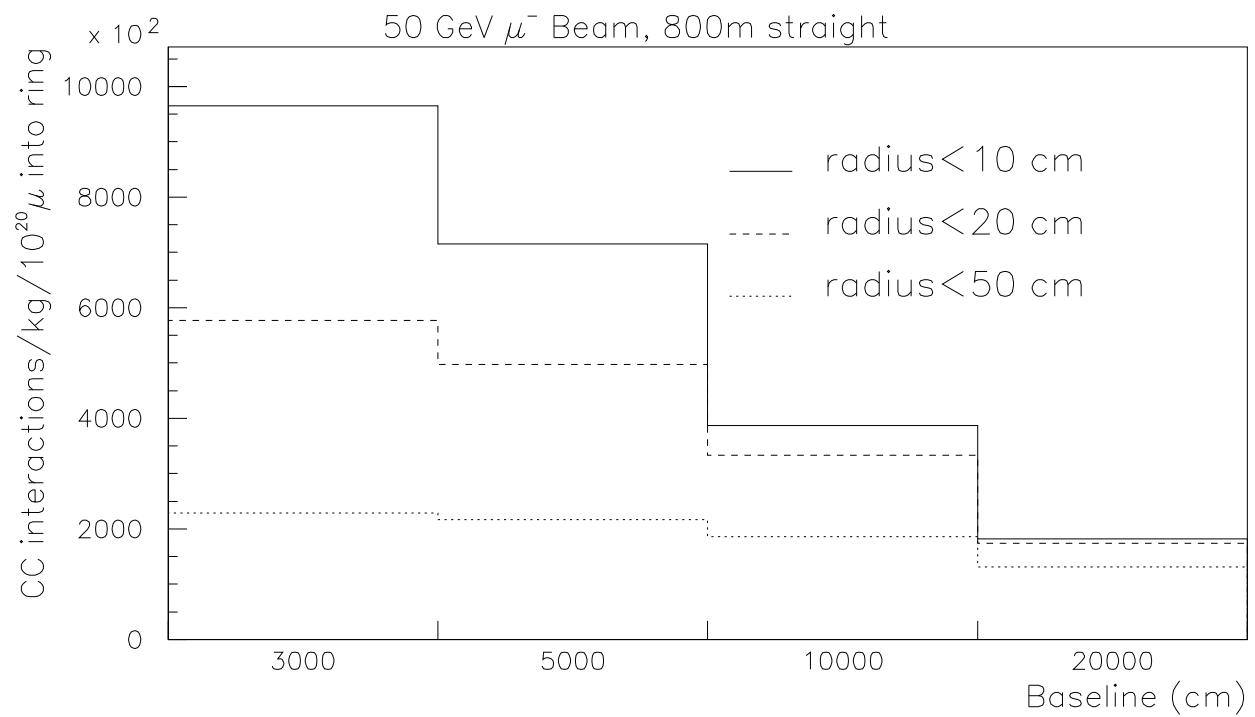
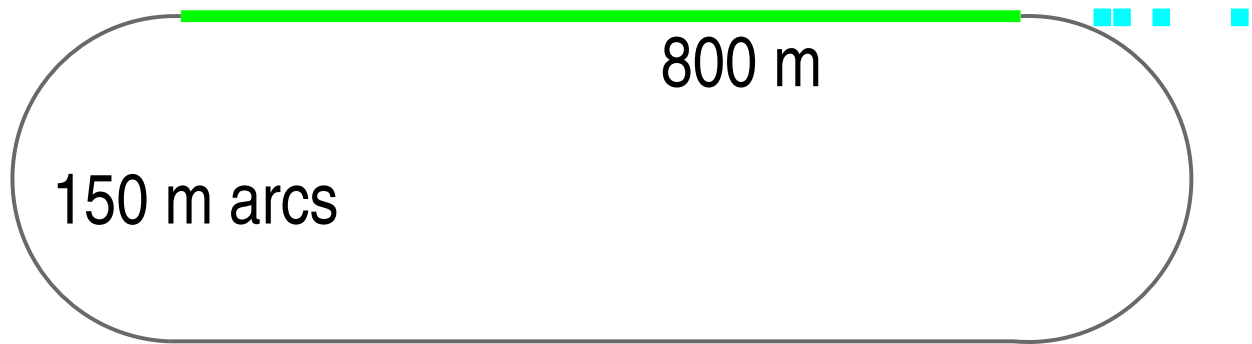


(multi-purpose detector design of B. King)

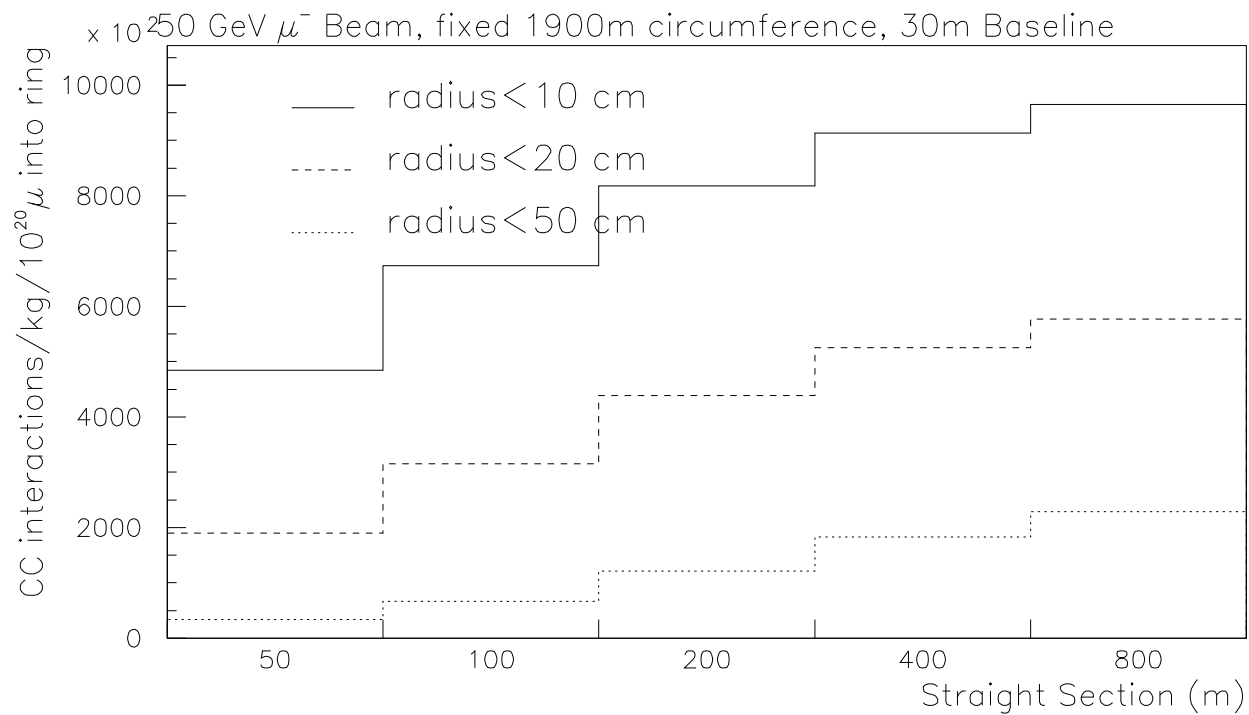
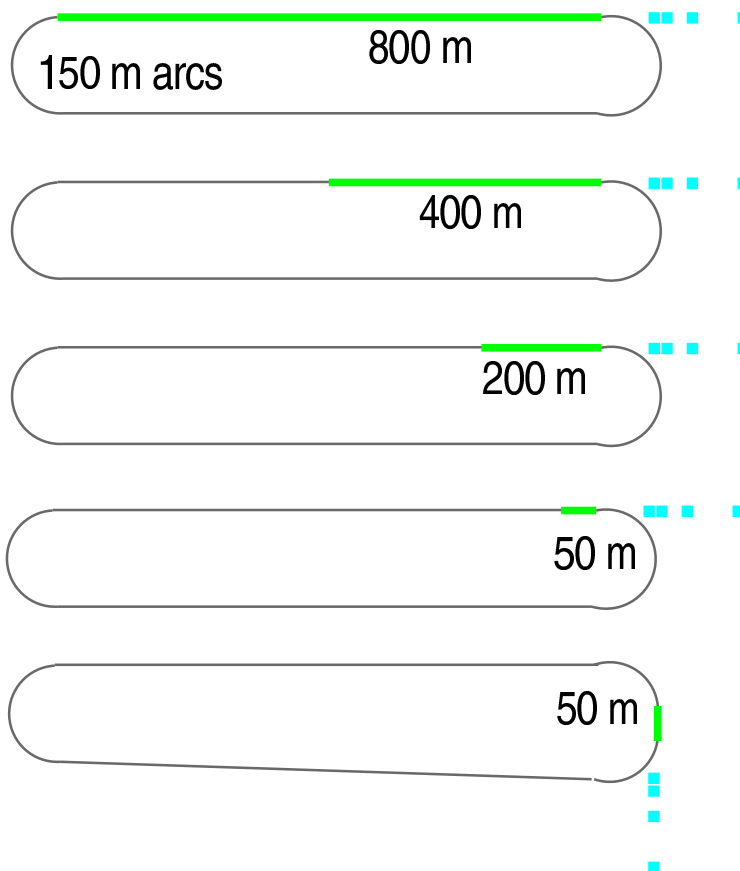
Small targets open up new possibilities in

- Target material
- Final state detection

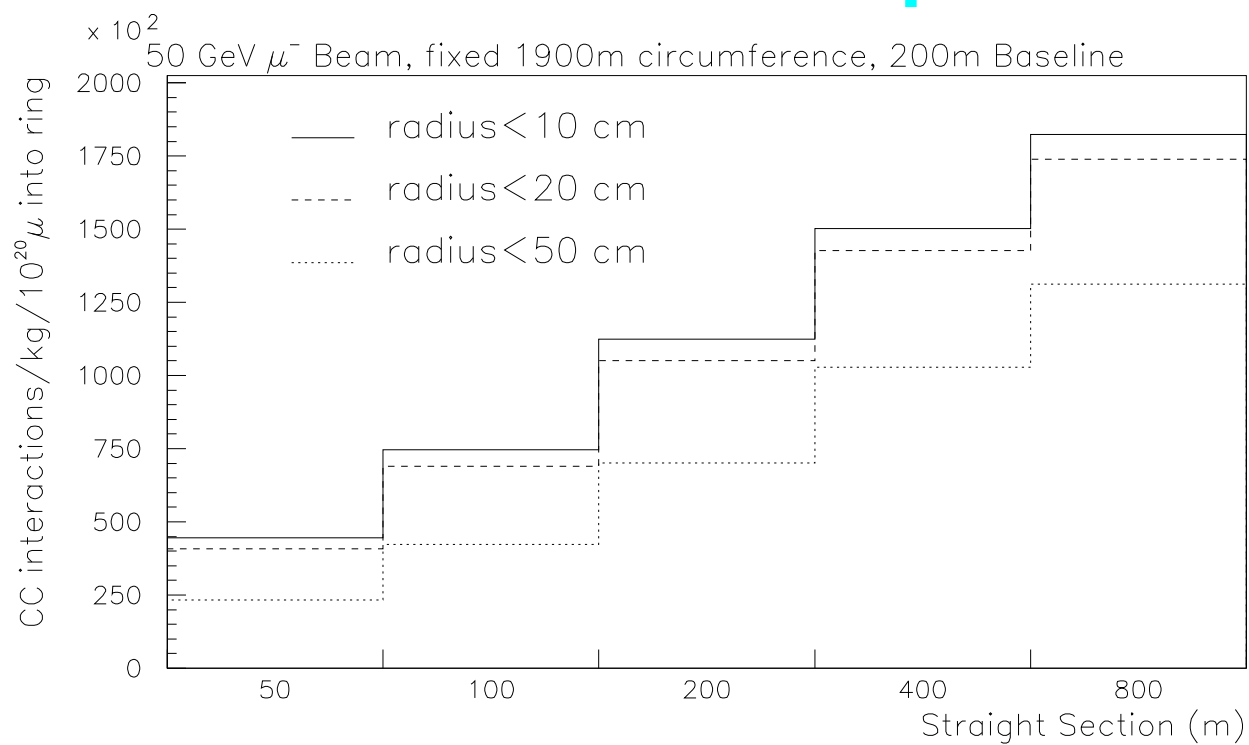
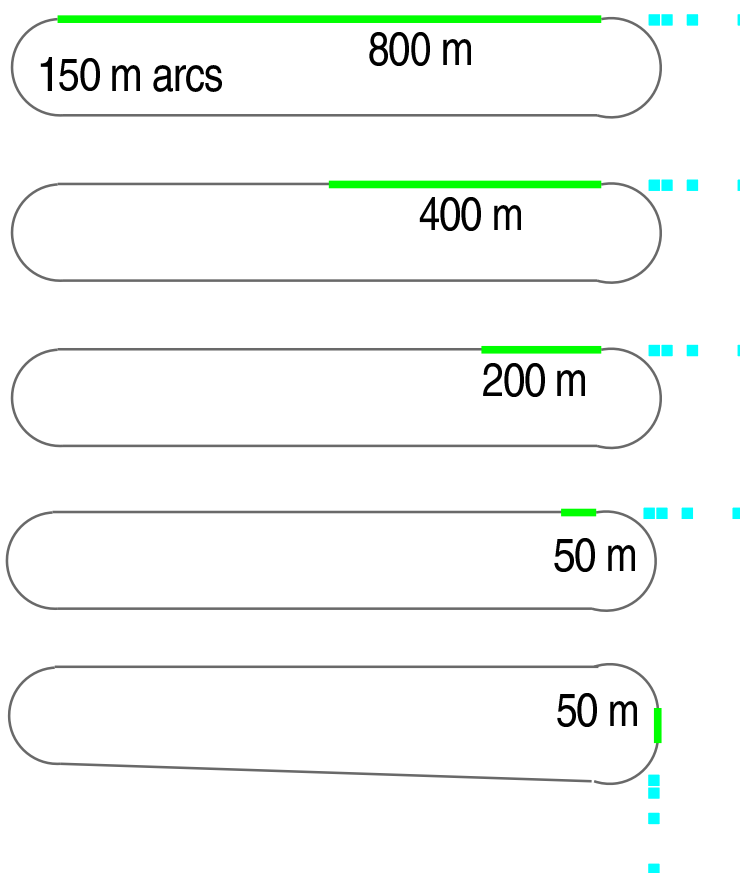
Detector Location



Length of Straight Section



Length of Straight Section II



Beam Divergence

Big impact on rates for short baseline physics

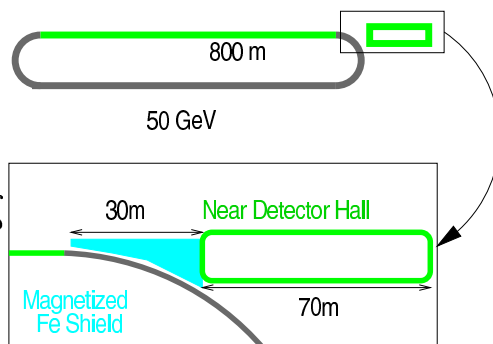
50 GeV μ^- , 10^{20} in 800 m straight section, 30 m baseline

Divergence ($\sqrt{\langle\theta_{1D}^2\rangle}$)	Millions of CC events per g/cm ²			
	$R < 10$ cm	$R < 20$ cm	$R < 50$ cm	
0	0.96	2.16	5.02	
0.2 mr	0.94	2.12	4.95	← Oscillation Default
0.73 mr	0.71	1.72	4.27	← Short Baseline Default
1.2 mr	0.52	1.35	3.55	
2 mr	0.21	0.65	2.05	
7.3 mr	0.04	0.14	0.65	

Backgrounds

Two issues:

1. Interactions in shielding

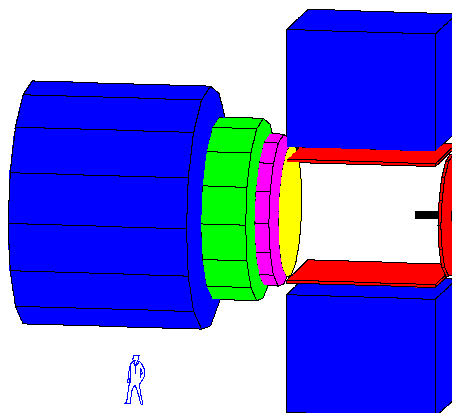


30 meters of steel is

- $2.3 \times 10^4 \text{ g/cm}^2$
- 40 GeV of $\mu \text{ } dE/dx$

$\Rightarrow \mu$ flux through detector is $\sim 10^{10}/10^{20} \mu$

2. Interactions in calorimeters



$8 \lambda_0$ of steel is

- $1.2 \times 10^3 \text{ g/cm}^2$

$\Rightarrow \sim 10^9/10^{20} \mu \nu$ interactions in calorimeter

Conclusions