

K. Long, 7 April, 2009

The international Muon Ionisation Cooling Experiment

Muon Technical Advisory Committee 7th April 2009

Mar08



Mar09



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Muon ionisation cooling; motivation

MICE status

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IDS-NF baseline: accelerator



Muon ionisation cooling experiment







- Design, build, commission and operate a realistic section of cooling channel
- Measure its performance in a variety of modes of operation and beam conditions ...

... i.e. results will allow NuFact complex to be optimised

THE MICE COLLABORATION -130 collaborators-

Universite Catholique de Louvain, Belgium

University of Sofia, Bulgaria

The Harbin Institute for Super Conducting Technologies <u>PR China</u>

INFN Milano, INFN Napoli, INFN Pavia, INFN Roma III, INFN Trieste, Italy

KEK, Kyoto University, Osaka University, Japan

NIKHEF, The Netherlands

New collaborators this year: Pavia, Warwick

CERN

Geneva University, Paul Scherrer Institut Switzerland

Brunel, Cockcroft/Lancaster, Glasgow, Liverpool, ICL London, Oxford, Darsbury, RAL, Sheffield <u>UK</u>

Argonne National Laboratory, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Fairfield University, University of Chicago, Enrico Fermi Institute, Fermilab, Illinois Institute of Technology, Jefferson Lab, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, UCLA, Northern Illinois University, University of Iowa, University of Mississippi, UC Riverside, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Muons Inc. <u>USA</u>

Status of MICE:



Upstream Beamline: in place

Downstream beamline: in place

Instrumentation in place: Beam monitors Trigger/rate scintillators CKov, TOF0&1, KL

Infrastructure: The bulk of the heavy civil engineering has gone very well: Civil engineering now almost complete

Air-con

Compressed

air plant

Beam studies, a selection:





Parasitic running:



3 ms 'operational range'



Particle rate and beam loss

Target test2006



Summer 2008

Correlation remains pretty much linear to beam loss ~1V



Target: particle rate and beam loss:

Compared to March 2008 required:

- 500 fold increase in projected muon rate
 - Equivalent to a BLM signal in sector 7 of ~10—25 V

Progress to December 2008:

- Beam losses up to 1V had been produced for short periods
 - Schedule high beam loss investigation to 2—5V for weekend when target failed
 - Other than increased beam loss, no adverse effects for example on extraction observed

Activation studies:

- 12—16 hour runs at fixed beam loss:
 - Runs performed at 50mV, 200mV and 500mV
 - No increase in activation of machine observed
- 16 hour run at ~1—2 V scheduled for weekend when target failed

Optimistic that required muon rate can be achieved

Particle identification:

Time-of-flight system: TOF0 & TOF1 installed and commissioned TOF2 expected Jun09 CKOVa&b: Installed and commissioned Data; see D.Kaplan's talk **Example: 100 MeV positrons**











Electron Muon Ranger:



Group formed to provide EMR:

 Como, FNAL, Geneva, Milano, Trieste

Status:

Design complete:

- Prototyped tested in CERN test beam in 2006
- Scintillator (Minerva-style extrusions) provided by FNAL now at Geneva for production
- Electronics/readout specified



Total: 2360 channels

One M64 Pmt per layer for the first 32 layers (59 channels per Pmt)

Two M256 Pmts for the last 8 layers (236 channels per Pmt)

Commissioning: sample data:









Brunel, FNAL, IIT, Imperial, LBNL, Mississippi, Riverside, UCLA

Tracker:

- Extended cosmic test of tracker #1
- Set up for extended cosmic test of trackers #1 and #2



Spectrometer solenoids:
 See M.Zisman's talk

Spectrometers:





Cooling channel:



Oxford, KEK, Mississippi Absorber/focus-coil module:

Focus coil module:

- Contract awarded to TESLA
- Presently in 'detailed design' phase:
 - Production Readiness Review passed
- First payment released to allow procurement
- First module, Q1 2010

Absorber:

- Prototype under test at KEK
- Production started, delivery will match focus-coil schedule











RF/coupling-coil module:

- Coupling procurement underway:
 - ICST, Harbin in collaboration with LBNL
 - See later contributions
- RF cavity production:
 - Contract let (5 'plus' 5)
 following successful
 Production Readiness
 Review Oct08
 - See later contributions

Winding test for CC at Harbin





Design for RF cavity module

Issues and schedule:

- Principal issues:
 - Beam line (and Step I):
 - Target:
 - See below …
 - Decay solenoid (status reported above):
 - Diagnosis: heat leak into bore due to lack of MLI on upstream and downstream apertures
 - Supported by:
 - Quench measurements;
 - Enthalpy calculations
 - Repair programme presently on schedule

Steps II and III:

- Spectrometer solenoid:
 - Good progress:
 - See D.Kaplan's talk

Target: re-build:

Target failures:

- Demonstator target in R78 failed at ~340k dips
- Online target failed (the day before the end of the run!) at ~190k dips
- Two issues:
 - Target jammed in bearings
 - Target tip melted





Melting and failures understood:



Incident on 29Nov08:

 MICE operator error, ISIS operator interlock over-ride, and absence of jacking-frame/'Park' interlock caused target to be placed in beam for more than 12 pulses – caused melting;

Failure on 19/20Dec09:

- Permanent-magnet retaining 'spring washer' worked loose causing abrasion and eventual jamming;
 - Calculations in hand to assess likelihood that failure of washer caused by vibration of shaft with asymmetric load due to 'blob'

Target: rebuild:





Shaft design simplified:

READOUT SIDE

WS SIDE

- 6 mm OD tube:
 - 0.7 mm wall thickness
- Bearing design simplified:
 - Circular bearing faces
- Complication:
 - Shaft must not rotate:
 - Implies antirotation feature
- Schedule:
 - In manufacture
 - Goal:
 - New target for April
 - Electronics/control/ DAQ upgrade in parallel

Target rebuild schedule:



Install in August shutdown ready for September user run

Schedule:

Cost and schedule review:

- MICE is coming to the end of a detailed cost and schedule review
 - Final result will be presented to the MICE Funding Agency Committee on the 24th April 2009

Schedule driven by:

- Step I:
 - Target rebuild (UK);
 - Assuming decay solenoid repair is satisfactory
- Step II:
 - Delivery of first spectrometer solenoid (US)
- Step III:
 - Delivery of second spectrometer solenoid (US)
- Step IV:
 - Delivery of first focus-coil module (UK)
- Step V:
 - Delivery of first RFCC module (US)
- Step VI:
 - Funding approval for Step VI in the UK





Professor Alain Blondel Neutrino Physics Group Département de Physique Nucleaire et Corpusculaire Universite de Genève Quai Ernest-Ansermet 24 CH-1211 Geneve 4 Switzerland Professor Dan Kaplan Department of Physics Imperial College London Prince Consort Road LONDON SW72BZ Professor John Wood Fating Chief Executive, CCLRC

CCLRC Rutherford Appleton Laboratory Chilton Elicot Difonishire 0X11 DQX UK

Tel: +44 (0)1235 445211 Fat: +44 (0)1235 445147 Email j.cvvcod@rl.ac.uk

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24-October-2003-

Dear Sun,

The last few months have seen the international MICE project proposal peer reviewed at both a national and an international level. The scientific case, technical merits and timeliness of the proposal have been strongly endorsed in each case. <u>CCLRC accepts the strong endorsement of</u> the proposal by the Astbury panel and consequently considers the proposal to have full scientific approval.

Progress of the project is now dependent on satisfactory funding arrangements being in place together with an appropriate project management structure. These arrangements will require scrutiny to ensure "best value" for UK and other investors. Within the UK this will be ensured by an independent review through the "Gateway" process that will be managed by the Joint MICE Project Board.

CCLRC therefore approves the project subject to a satisfactory progress through Gateway. The MICE proponents are now encouraged to actively seek funds to support MICE.

Yours sincerely

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Professor J V Wood Whief Executive

Cc Professor Ian Halliday, PPARC Professor Ken Peach, CCLRC Dr Andrew Taylor, CCLRC Professor Richard Wade, PPARC

Council for the Central Laboratory of the Research Councils

DAIRSTON DA PROPERTA

Step VI:

Following 'Astbury Panel' report, MICE was awarded 'full scientific approval' by J.Wood on behalf of CCLRC in October 2003

 Resources to provide the UK deliverables for Step VI of MICE rely on the submission of an additional bid
 MICE-UK project milestone for the preparation of this proposal is December 2009

Conclusions:

Civil infrastructure for experiment essentially complete MICE Muon Beam and Step I:

- Commissioning of MICE Muon Beam line started in March 2008 and continued through the year
 - Significant improvement in understanding of ISIS/target and particle rate versus beam loss
 - Particle rates measured and Step I instrumentation commissioned
- Issues (target and decay solenoid) being addressed through energetic programmes

MICE Step II-VI:

- Detailed plans developed for the installation of the experiment;
- Component delivery schedules becoming robust and installation team has established track record of timely completion of complicated installation tasks
- MICE collaboration remains committed to:
 - Delivering a first measurements with absorber/focus-coil module in 2010;
 - Measurements with MICE Step V in 2011; and
 - Measurements with a full cell of the Study II cooling lattice in 2012

An exciting programme!