

# Summary

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MUTAC FNAL

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## Charge

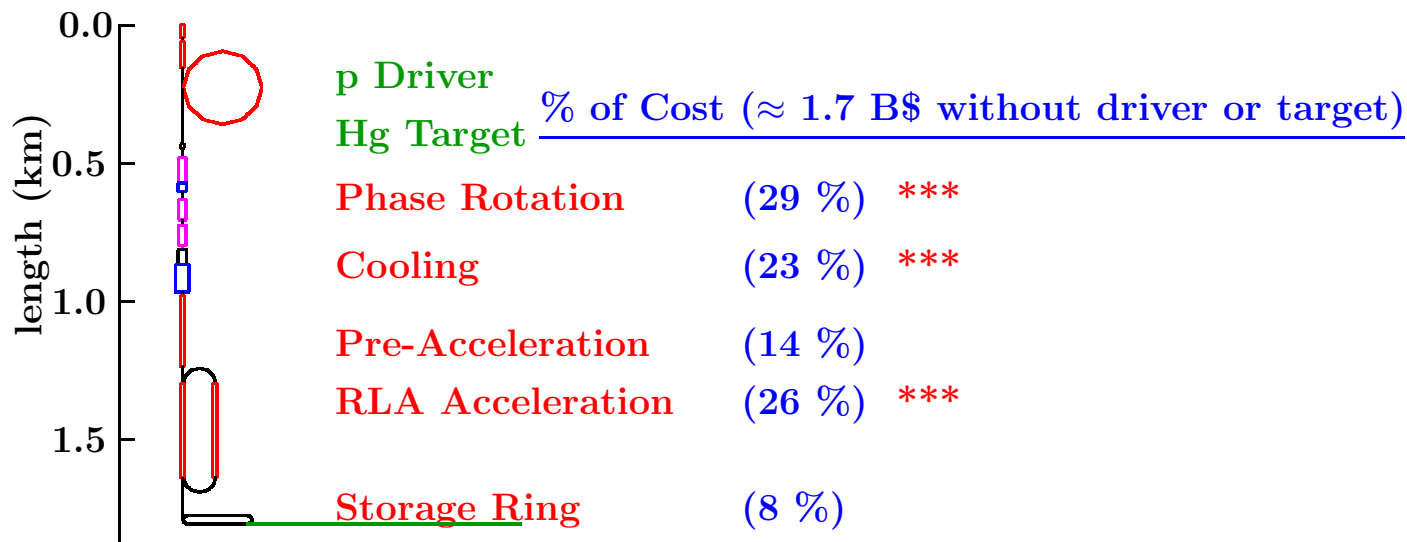
- 1) Review and comment on the **R&D progress** achieved during the last year
- 2) Review and give advice on the **R&D plans** and corresponding budgets for fiscal year 2003, as well as on the long-range R&D directions
- 3) Assess and give advice on plans for the international Muon Ionization Cooling Experiment (**MICE**), and comment on the relationship between MU-COOL and MICE
- 4) Assess and give advice on plans for the **Targetry** program
- 5) Assess the status of the **beam simulation** effort, especially that aimed at 6D cooling scenarios (e.g., cooling rings)
- 6) Evaluate both the **NSF**-sponsored and the **ICAR**-sponsored muon activities and comment on how each fits into the overall MC R&D program.

Each will be addressed, but not in this order

# Beam simulation efforts (#5)

- Study I Emphasized Feasibility
- Study II Emphasized Performance 6 times flux
- Current Work Emphasize Lower Cost
- Future Study 3 (In about 2 Years)
- Collider Study (later)

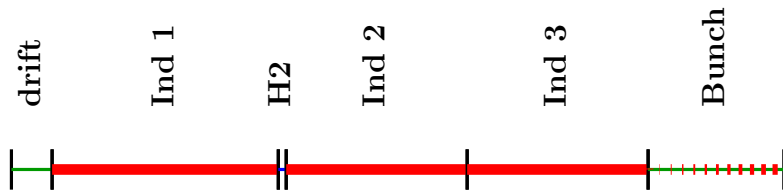
## Cost Reduction



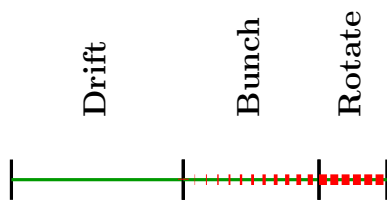
\*\*\* Reasons for substantial savings on these items  
Work on the other items soon

# Cost Reduction of Phase Rotation

- Study 2



- e.g. Bunch Beam Rotation



	Study 2	Now	Factor
Tot Length (m)	328 <sup>1</sup>	166	51 %
Acc Length (m)	269 <sup>2</sup>	35	13 %
Acc Type	Induction <sup>3</sup>	Warm RF	

1.  $18+100+3.5+80+80+47=328$

2.  $100+80+80+9=269$

3. 260 m induction + 9 m RF

- EXPECT SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS

BUT

- Not yet matched into cooling
- Not Engineered
- Other options

# Cost Reduction of Cooling Rings

- Study 2 Cooling



- e.g. RFOFO Cooling Ring



	Study 2	Now	Factor
Tot Length (m)	108	33	30 %
Acc Length (m)	54	37	21 %
Acc Grad	16 MV/m	12 MV/m	66 %

- Similar transmission
- Similar Trans emittance
- Less Long Emittance

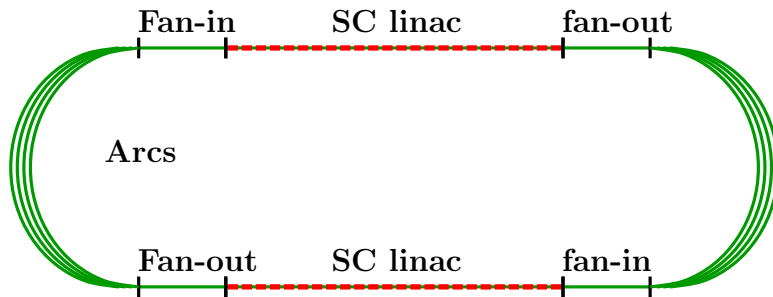
- **EXPECT SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS**

**BUT**

- Need R&D on absorber heating
- Need R&D on thin windows
- Need R&D on kicker
- Not engineered
- Other options

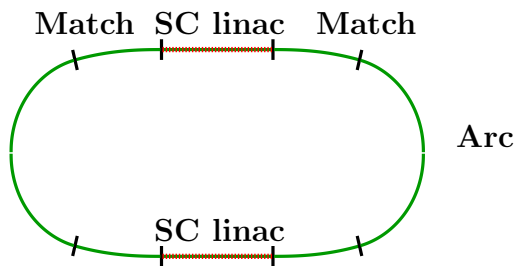
# Cost Reduction of Acceleration

- Study 2 RLA



	Study 2	Now	Factor
Vac Length <sup>1</sup>	3261	1094	34 %
Tun Length <sup>2</sup>	1494	1094	49 %
Acc Length <sup>3</sup>	288	102	35 %
Acc Grad.	16	8	50 %
Acc Type	SC RF	SC RF	

- e.g. Racetrack FFAG



- 2 linacs + 4 switch-yards + 7 arcs
- 2 linacs + 4 switch-yards + 2 arcs
- $2 \times 24 \times 4 \times 1.5 \text{ m}$

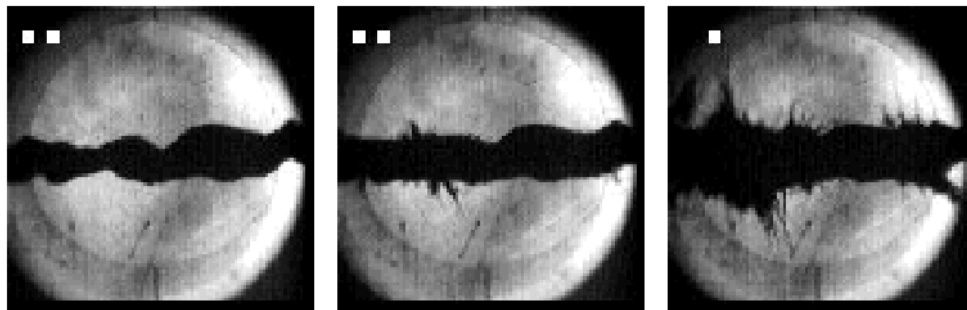
- EXPECT SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS**

**BUT**

- Match not yet Designed
- More Pre-acceleration required
- Inject/extract not designed
- Other Options

# Targetry program (#4)

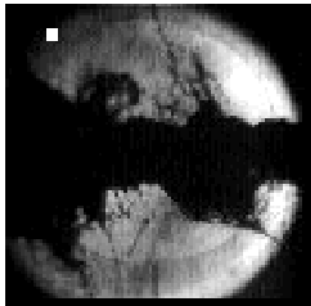
## AGS Experiment E951



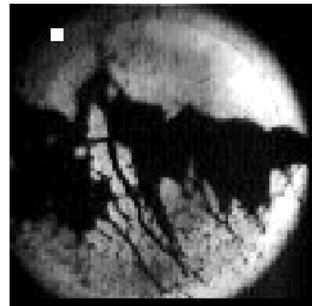
0 ms

0.75 ms

2 ms



7 ms



18 ms

- 4 Tp/bunch ( $4 \cdot 10^{12}$ )
- Non-Explosive Dispersion
- Good Result

But 1 MW Nu-Factory requires:  
16 Tp/bunch ( $1.6 \cdot 10^{13}$ )

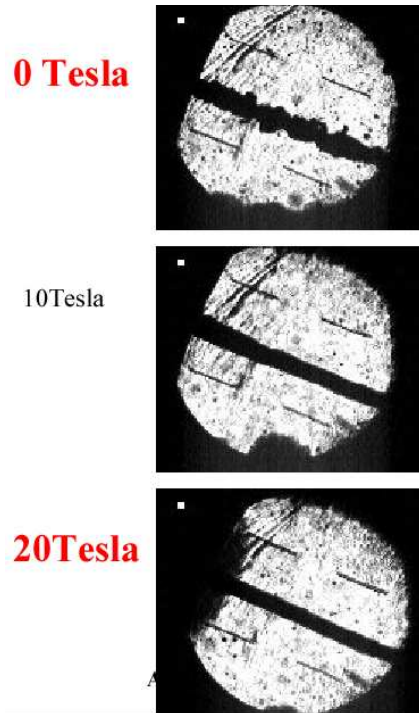
SO

- NEED FURTHER EXPERIMENT

# Target Simulation

## Stabilization From Magnetic Field

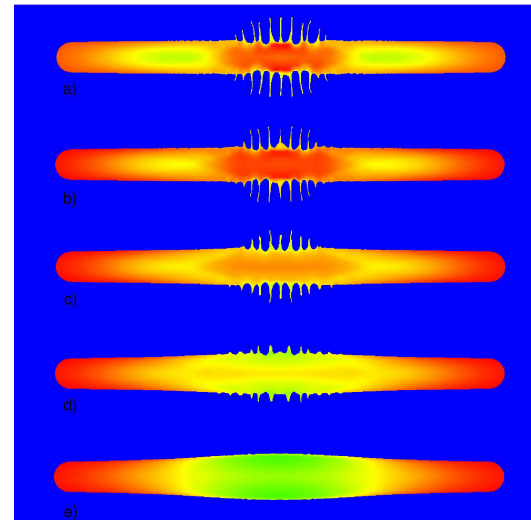
### Cern Observation without beam



### Simulation with beam

R. Samulyak

Stabilizing of the mercury jet by the longitudinal magnetic field



a)  $B = 0$  ; b)  $B = 2T$

c)  $B = 4T$  ; d)  $B = 6T$  ; e)  $B = 10T$

Magnet changes dynamics: suppresses breakup, increases T

● **NEED EXPERIMENT WITH MAGNET**

## R&D progress and Plans (#1 & #2)

- SC Cavity Progress (at Cornell)

- Build new test pit
- Design, build, and test 201 MHz SC cavities  
8 MV/m achieved  
limited by drop in Q c.f. FS2 spec = 16 MV/m  
Note acceleration designs now below this gradient

- SC Cavity Plans

- Explore ways of raising the operating gradients  
Note above: this may not be critical



## ● MuCool Progress

- Design of hydrogen **absorbers**
- Design, build, and test absorber windows
- exploring safety requirements
- Construction, and safety testing, of absorber windows
  
- High power testing of **805 MHz** cavities
- High power testing in a magnetic field
- Measurement of X-rays and dark currents  
**Particularly relevant to MICE experiment**
  
- Construction and radiant heat testing of **Be windows for RF**
  
- Design of **201 MHz** cavities
  
- Design and start **Test Area**

- **MuCool R&D plans**

- Build, and test hydrogen **absorbers** (needs Test Area)  
Prototype for MICE
- Test with heating from linac p beam (needs Test Area)  
Particularly relevant for cooling rings
- Continue radiant heat study of thin **Be windows** for RF  
as needed for cooling rings
- Continue **805 MHz** work on breakdown and dark current
- Test 805 MHz cavities with Be windows
- Design, build, and test **201 MHz** cavities (needs Test Area)  
Prototypes for the MICE experiment and for a cooling ring
- Design and construct **large SC coil** to fit over cavities (needs Test Area)  
Prototype for MICE
- Test 201 MHz cavities in magnetic field (needs Test Area)  
Prototype for MICE

- **Long range R&D Plan:**

- Build and run "Muon Ionization Cooling Experiment" MICE

# Muon Ionization Cooling Experiment (MICE) (#3)

- From last MUTAC:

*”The Cooling demonstration is the key systems test for a neutrino factory”*

- Solid Design based on Study-2 channel  
(very similar components to RFOFO cooling ring)
- International Collaboration:  
(US, Europe, Japan)
- An enthusiastic host lab:  
RAL (UK)
- Funding proposal sent to NSF,  
(and similar requests in Europe)
- Finished Proposal

## ICAR & NSF Involvement (#6)

The Muon Collaboration provides a model for pursuing accelerator R& D involving many University & Laboratory groups, including both accelerator and particle physicists. We believe this way of pursuing accelerator R& D is succeeding. The support for the University groups from NSF and ICAR has been important for this success.

### NSF

- SCRF R& D activity entirely supported by NSF
- Significant results during FY02
- Critical R& D to establish achievable parameters for muon acceleration

### ICAR

- Substantial component of the collaboration ( 15 FTEs !)
- Primary groups spearheading the LH 2 absorber R& D → Substantial progress
- Groups are seamlessly integrated into the collaboration
- Source of (Ph. D. and summer) students !
- Important component of MICE

## Conclusion

- The KamLAND's determination of the "Large Mixing Angle" (LMA) solution raises the possibility of measurable CP violation effects and their possible GUT implications. A neutrino factory for their study may become crucial.
- Our design and technical studies, if actively pursued, should lead to an affordable design on a reasonable time scale.
- Even before the KamLAND result, the B&B Sub-Panel had recommended:

*"We support the decision to concentrate on intense neutrino sources, & recommend continued R&D near the present level of 8 M\$ per year"*

- Since that time our total funding has dropped a factor of two, and the direct DOE funding for the experimental program has dropped a factor of three.
- We hope you will recommend that MCOG endeavor to get restitution of our funding