

# **Acceleration Issues and Plans**

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# Designs

## What are We Considering?



- Types of designs that have been considered
  - ◆ RLA-only designs (Study I, Study II)
  - ◆ RLA-to-FFAG designs (Study IIa/b, UK?)
  - ◆ FFAG-only (scaling) design (NuFactJ)

# First Step

## Get Existing Specs



- Get parameters for existing designs
- Need this as a basis for comparison
- Need a starting point to examine parameter dependence
- Want enough to simulate
- See ISS web page for what we have
- Missing lots of specifics
  - ◆ Don't have anything from Study II (on its way hopefully...)
  - ◆ Missing pieces from Study IIa/b, but this is most complete
  - ◆ UK Scheme?
  - ◆ NuFactJ, need more specifics on FFAG parameters, RF systems undefined
  - ◆ Everyone is missing transfer lines...

# ISS Acceleration Web Page



## International Scoping Study Machine Working Group Acceleration



### US Neutrino Factory Acceleration Design

- Matching from cooling into acceleration
  - Component specifications
  - ICOOL input file
- Pre-accelerator linac
  - [Component specifications](#)
  - [DIMAD-style input file](#)
  - [for001.dat](#) for ICOOL, hard-edge model
- Dogbone RLA
  - [Talk with latest machine description](#)
- 5–10 GeV and 10–20 GeV FFAGs
  - [Lattice parameters](#)
  - [Optimization procedure](#)
  - [Cost model used for optimization](#)
- [Superconducting cavity specifications](#)

### NuFactJ Acceleration Design

- [The NuFactJ report page](#), containing a copy of the NuFactJ report ([local copy](#))
- [FFAG lattice parameters](#)

# RLA Issues



- All designs except NuFactJ require some kind of RLA
  - ◆ FFAGs probably can't work at low energies with high-frequency, high-gradient RF
- Switching RLA-only design to dogbone
- Using more turns in Study IIa dogbone for efficiency
  - ◆ Helps answer question of whether to add a 2.5–5 GeV FFAG
- Lower energy dogbone if we consider 2.5–5 GeV FFAG

## Non-Scaling FFAG Issues

- Doublet/triplet
  - ◆ Doublet designs seem to be preferred
  - ◆ Need to verify injection/extraction scheme
- Need to verify that they perform as expected (tracking)
  - ◆ Especially look at sensitivity to errors: cross many resonances
- Other types of FFAG lattices
  - ◆ Linear field magnets, compact repetitive cells (doublet/triplet) give huge dynamic aperture: baseline
  - ◆ Other designs have been proposed (e.g., isochronous FFAGs), but may not have dynamic aperture we need: verify
  - ◆ Try using scaling FFAGs in Study IIa scenario
- In general: need to do 6-D tracking with complex acceleration

# Scaling FFAG Issues (NuFactJ)



- Need to get more well-defined lattices
- Need to **clearly** define RF system(s) that will be used
- Do beginning to end 6-D tracking

# Superconducting RF Systems and Magnets

- What gradient should we count on?
- What magnetic field at SC cavities (zero or 0.1 T)?
  - ◆ The SC cavity guys say you can run at 0.1 T
  - ◆ Nobody has ever run a real machine at high field
- Shielding scenarios for magnets
  - ◆ We are concerned with the near field
  - ◆ Need to work with real magnet designs: iron, etc.
  - ◆ Solenoid (linac), quadrupole (RLA), combined-function (FFAG)
  - ◆ Could use **a lot** of help from a magnet engineer
- Need magnet designs for inter-magnet spacing (FFAG)
- These numbers drive the lattice designs



## Interaction with Other Systems

- Acceleration system strongly coupled to the rest of the machine
- Acceptance needed depends on the amount of cooling
  - ◆ Vary acceptance of acceleration system
  - ◆ Choose design in conjunction with upstream
- RF frequency related to the bunch structure upstream
  - ◆ High-frequency RF (200 MHz, etc.) requires bunched beam
  - ◆ NuFactJ assumes big single bunch: low frequency
    - ★ Allows FFAGs at very low energy
- Assuming 20 GeV final (total?) energy. Will that change?

# Tasks



- Get “baseline” designs, with holes filled in
  - ◆ Maybe can live without transfer lines, but must know enough to get cost
- Need to work on 6-D simulation of all systems, especially FFAGs
  - ◆ No “resetting” the bunch distribution from one stage to the next!
    - ★ Allow replacing transfer lines with a **linear** transformation
  - ◆ Verify that FFAG systems will really work as advertised
    - ★ May lead to FFAGs becoming more expensive to get acceptance
- Need to produce variety of RLA designs
- Need to get some serious magnet designs: look at spacing