

# 201-MHz RF Cavity Construction (Plan) for MICE

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NFMCC Meeting March 17, 2008



#### **Outline**

#### MICE Cavity Design

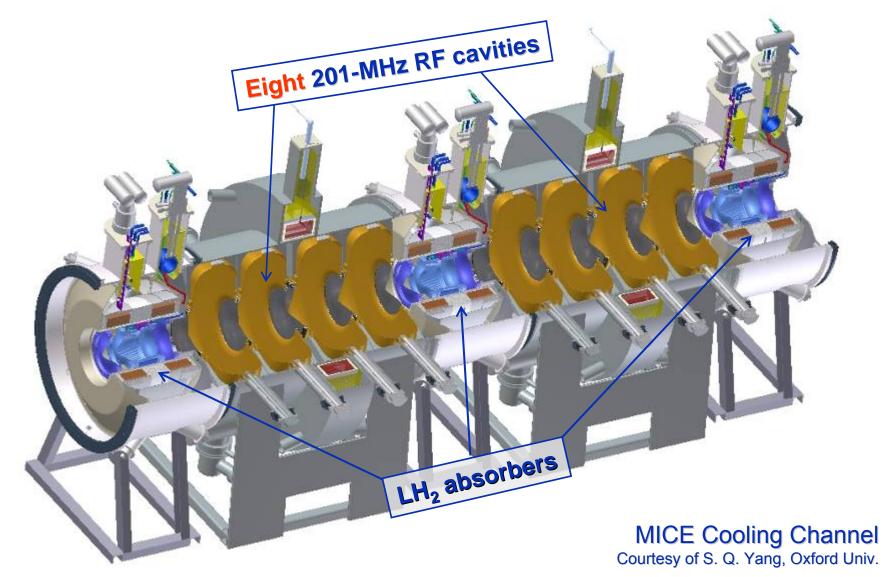
- Based on the design of 201-MHz cavity for MUCOOL
  - Cavity body
  - Ports for power coupler, vacuum and probes
  - RF power loop coupler and ceramic RF window
  - Curved Beryllium window
  - Tuners
  - Interface and integration with RFCC module

#### Summary

- Status and fabrication plan
  - Techniques developed for MUCOOL cavity
    - Spinning, port extruding, curved Be windows, RF couplers



## **MICE Cooling Channel**





## **MICE RF Cavity**

- Eight 201-MHz cavities + with materials for two more spares
- Baseline design: 201-MHz for MUCOOL, but
  - Cavity body profile needs to be modified
    - Resonant frequency
    - Better estimation of spring back after spinning
  - Port extruding
    - Port interface is different from the MUCOOL cavity
  - RF coupler and ceramic window
    - Same as the MUCOOL cavity with Toshiba ceramic windows for SNS
  - Curved Beryllium windows
    - Modified design to better control silver alloy flow during the brazing
  - Tuners and interface with RFCC module
  - Post-processing: Water cooling pipes, cleaning (EP & water rinsing), low power measurement, tuning, assembly and shipping



## **Cavity Design Parameters**

- The cavity design parameters
  - Frequency: 201.25 MHz
  - $\beta = 0.87$
  - Shunt impedance (VT<sup>2</sup>/P):  $\sim 22 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$
  - Quality factor  $(Q_0)$ : ~ 53,500
  - Be window radius and thickness: 21-cm and 0.38-mm
- Nominal parameters for cooling channels in a muon collider or a neutrino factory and MICE
  - ~ 16 MV/m (~ 8 MV/m) peak accelerating field
  - Peak input RF power ~ **4.6 MW** (~ **1 MW**) per cavity (85% of  $Q_0$ ,  $3\tau$  filling)
  - Average power dissipation per cavity ~ 8.4 kW (~ 1 kW at 1 Hz repetition rate and 1 ms pulse length)
  - Average power dissipation per Be window
    - ~ 100 watts (~ 12 watts)



## **MUCOOL Cavity Review**

ERNEST ORLANDO LAWRENCE BERKELEY NATIONAL LABORATOR











- Design and engineering at LBNL
- Half shells spun at Acme in Minnesota
- Parts made in Univ. of Mississippi and LBNL
- E-beam welding & port-pulling, cleaning and EP at J-Lab, NASA
- Coupler tests at SNS, Oak Ridge National Lab
- Final assembly and high power tests at MTA,
   FNAL (March-2006) and reached 16-MV/m without external magnetic field



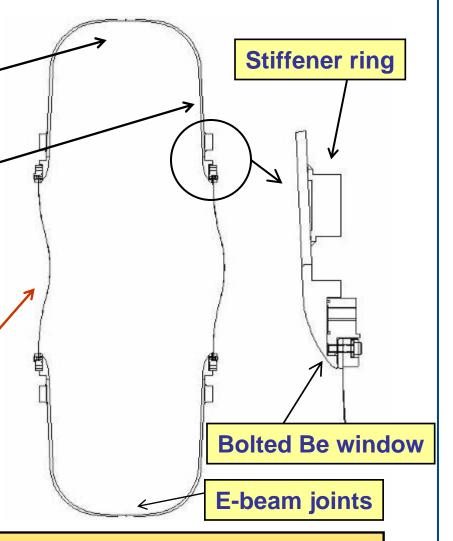
## **The Cavity Body Profile**

Spherical section at the equator to ease addition of ports ( $\pm$  ~ 6°) Elliptical-like (two circles) nose to reduce peak surface field

2° tilt angle

6-mm Cu sheet permits spinning technique and mechanical tuners similar to SCRF ones

De-mountable pre-curved Be windows pointing in the same direction to terminate RF fields at the iris



Low peak surface field and easy fabrication



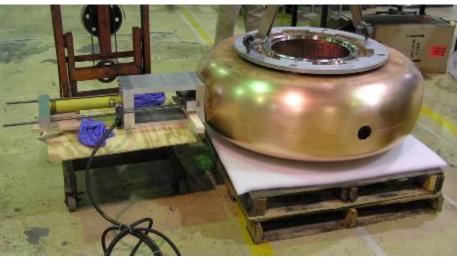
## **Cavity Body**

- MUCOOL cavity frequency is slightly lower than 200-MHz, but within the bandwidth of RF source
  - Mechanical (fixed) tuners available and tested in air
- MICE cavities
  - Target frequency is 201.250-MHz
  - One RF source (tube) powers more than one cavity
  - Each cavity will be made (spinning) to frequency very close to 201-MHz
    - Modifying the existing mold used for MUCOOL cavity
    - A new mold (could be new materials)
  - 3D simulations to predict the frequency shifts by ports, curved Be windows and thermal contraction (LN operation)
  - Conceptual tuner designs (fine tuning)



#### Ports Extruding and Flanges



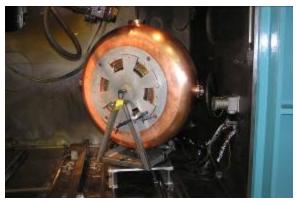


**Local annealing of ports** 

Cavity ports being extruded (pulled)



**Extruded port** 



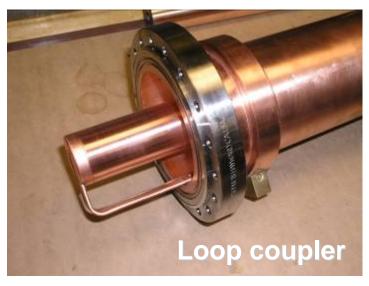
Port flange e-beam weld



Finished cavity port



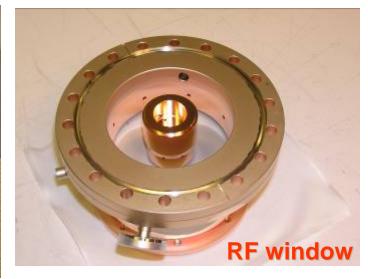
#### **Fabrication of the Coupler**





- The coupling can be adjusted by rotating the loop
- Water cooling line goes around the loop
- RF ceramic windows from Toshiba Company







## RF Coupling Loop Design

 Prototype coupling loop design uses standard off-the-shelf copper co-ax

Parts to be joined by torch brazing

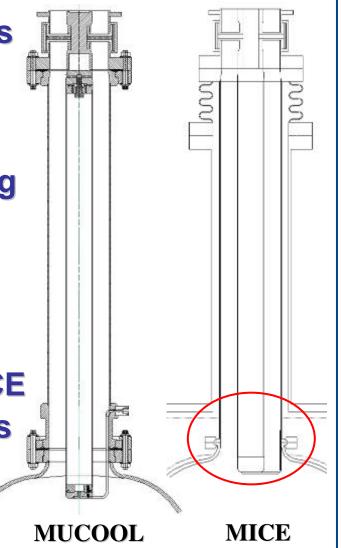
Coupling loop has integrated cooling

(Possible off-shelf components?)

 Two SNS style RF windows mfg. by Toshiba received (no cost!)

 Bellows connection required on MICE for thermal and dimensional reasons

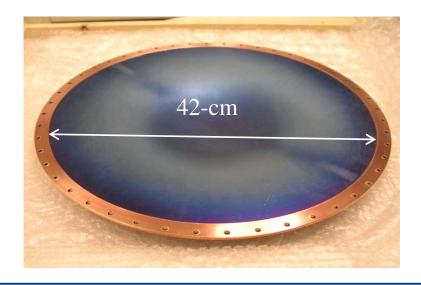
Need to integrate with MICE layout





#### **Curved Be Windows**

- We have made two windows available so far
  - 21-cm and 0.38-mm thick
  - Good braze (between annular frames and foil)
  - Achieved ~ 95 % of the designed profile
  - Thin Ti-N coatings
- The windows were HP tested at MTA, Fermilab

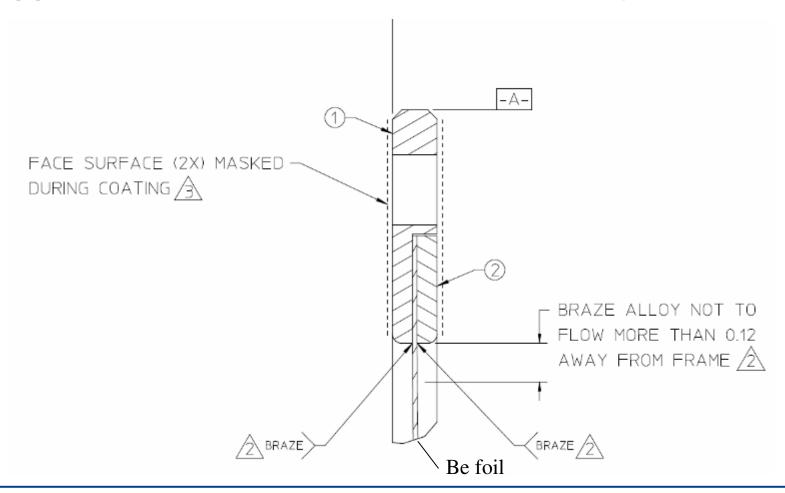






### **Beryllium Window Update**

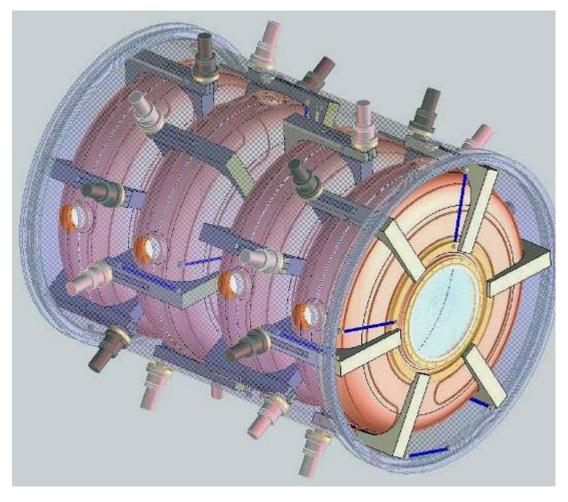
 Improved design for better brazing (based on suggestions from Brush-Wellman Company)





#### **Tuners for MICE Cavities**

Four 201-MHz cavities in each RFCC module; one tuner assembly (six sets of tuners) on each cavity.



- Clocking of tuner position between adjacent cavities avoids interference
- Actuators offset from cavity center plane due to width of coupling coil
- Soft connection only (bellows) between tuner/actuators and vacuum vessel shell

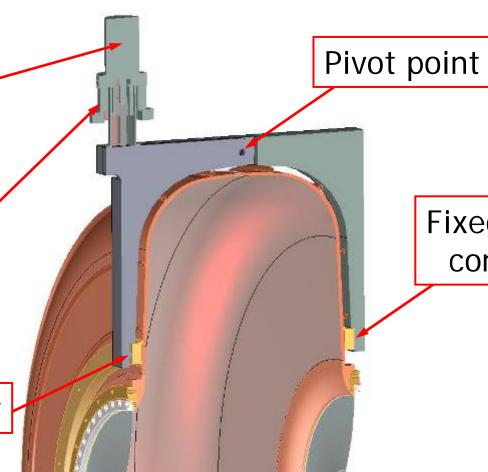


#### **Tuner Section View**

Tuner actuator (likely air)

Dual bellows feedthrough

Ball contact only



Fixed (bolted) connection



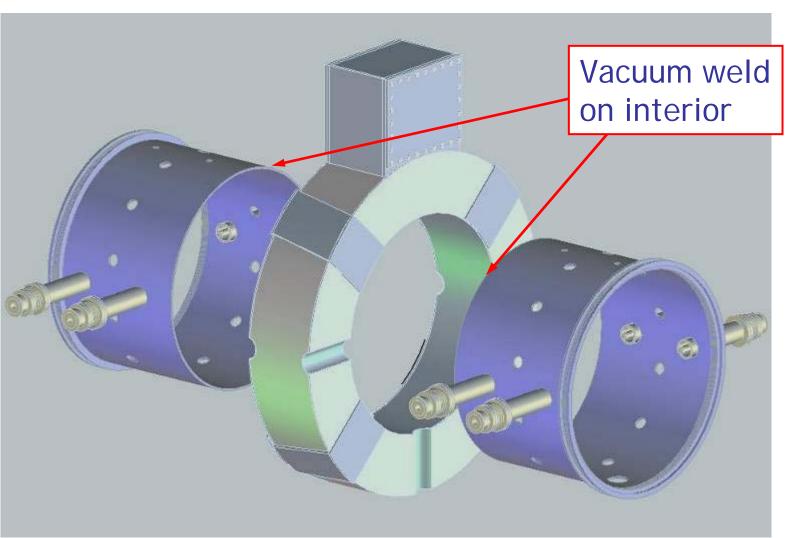
# **MUCOOL Cavity Tuners**





#### Integration to RFCC Module

#### RF couplers, vacuum, RF probes, tuners, water cooling pipes





## **Post-Processing**

- Cavity cleaning and assembly
- Low power RF measurements and shipping













## **Summary**

#### Status

- Cavity design modifications have started
  - ✓ Cavity body profile and analysis (RF, thermal [watering cool + possible LN operation], mechanical, vacuum, ...)
  - ✓ Modified Be window designs, ready to place PO
  - Tuners and interface with RFCC module
- Apply successful techniques developed from MUCOOL cavity R&D and look for possible simplifications
  - Spinning, port extruding and post-processing
- Re-qualify venders (spinning, e-beam welding, port extruding and post-processing) with our supervision
  - US vendors: NIOWAVE, ...
  - HIT in China
  - ✓ Brush-Wellman for Be windows
  - √ Toshiba for ceramic RF windows
- Design and Fabrication Plan
  - Design review ~ June 2008 (MICE CM21 at DL)
  - Schedule has been developed (~ by early 2010)

