MuCool Program Overview

Muon Cooling R&D
Alan Bross

Outline

- MuCool Overview — AB
  - Collaboration
  - MuCool Test Area
  - Program Synopsis

- 805 MHz RF Program — D. Huang
- 201 MHz RF Program — A. Moretti
- RF Theory and new ideas in SCRF — J. Norem
- LiH Absorber Program — C.M. Lei
- Status of MICE Production 201 MHz cavities — D. Li

MuCool

- Mission
  - Design, prototype and test all cooling channel components
    - 201 MHz RF Cavities, LH_2 absorbers, SC solenoids
  - Support MICE (cooling demonstration experiment)
  - Perform high beam-power engineering test of cooling section components

- Consists of 10 institutions from the US, UK and Japan

RF Development
ANL
Cockcroft Institute
Fermilab
IIT
JLAB
LBNL
Mississippi

Solenoids
LBNL
Mississippi

Absorber R&D
Fermilab
IIT
KEK
NIU
Mississippi
Osaka

MuCool Test Area

- Fa test of ion
  -
  -

MTA Hall

MuCool Phase II

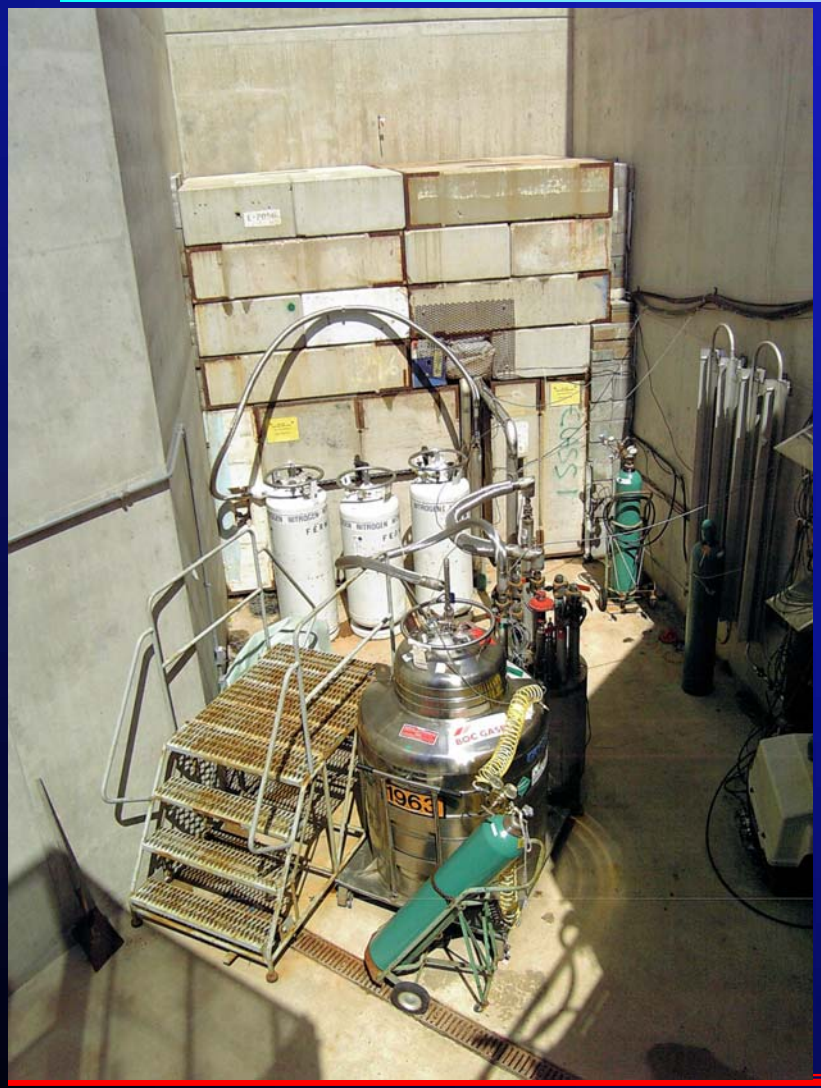
Cryo-Infrastructure Installation/Commission

Beam Line Installation/Commission

MTA Cryo-Infrastructure

- MTA Reconfiguration
  - Commission Cryo-Plan (April/May 2008)
  - Install Transfer Line system
  - Raise Equipment to beam height
  - New shield wall
- Working on Project Plan
  - ≈ 3 month effort with adequate technician resources
    - Need 5 technicians full time (estimate is about 2000 hours)
    - Plus 5 weeks of a welder
    - Plus $50k in M&S (Does not include rerouting of RF power)
- Need to complete before the 2008 Accelerator Shutdown
  - But shutdown delayed until at least September (maybe March 09)

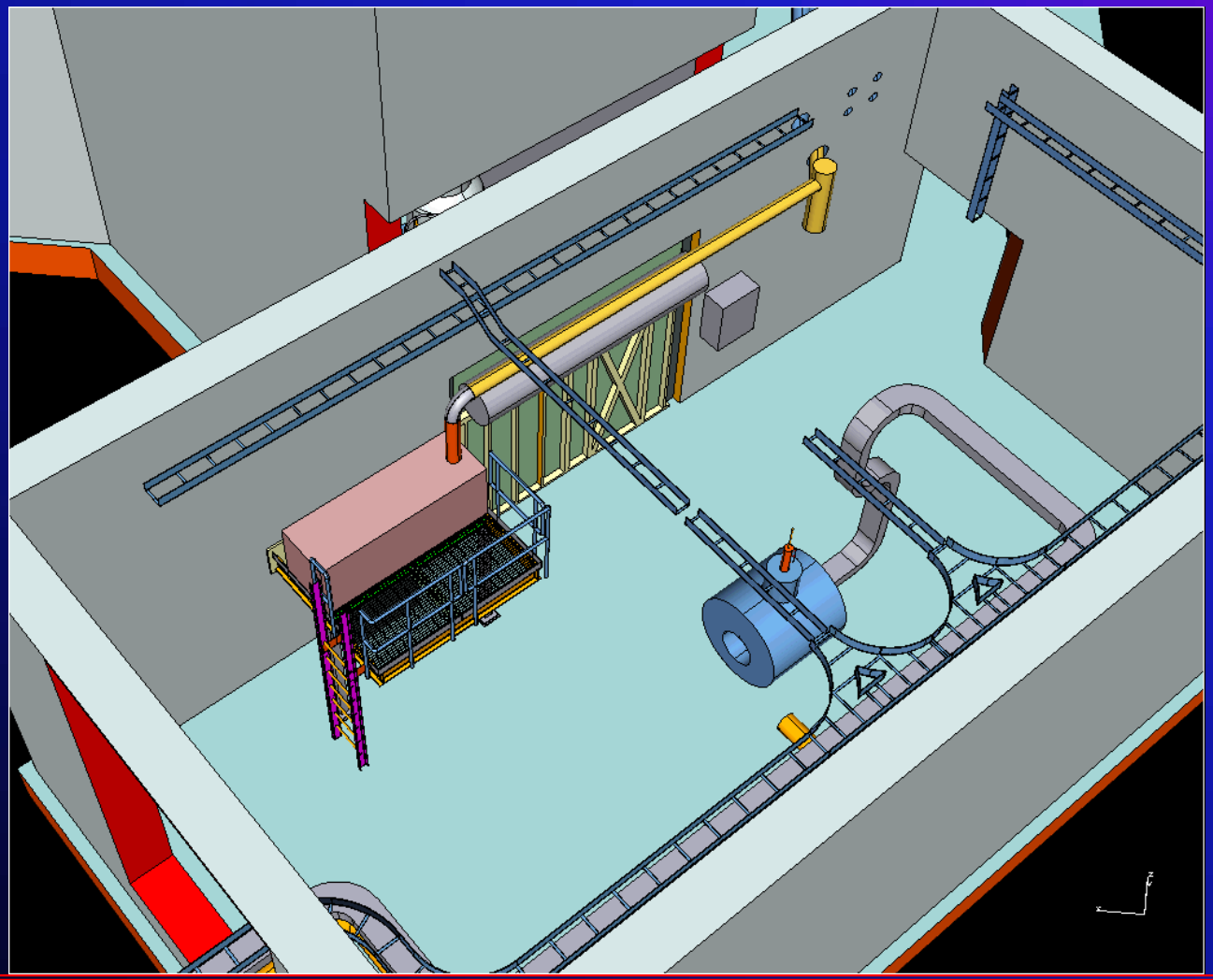
Existing Dewar-Fed Cryogen System



- All of this is removed
- New (simpler) shield wall
  - Will allow for easier pit access to hall
  - More shielding needed for beam operations in MTA Hall

MTA – Refrigerator Room

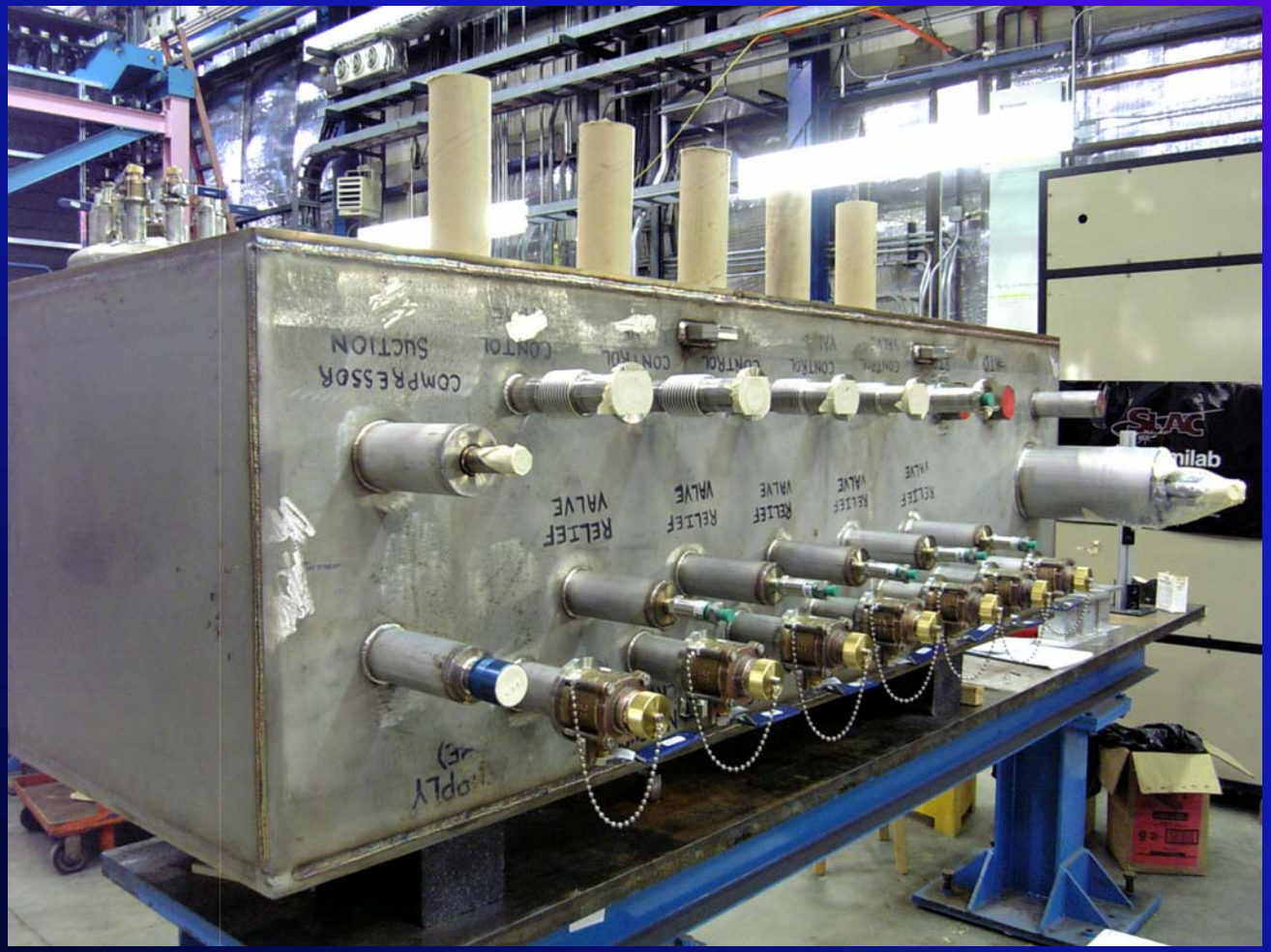
Transfer Line System

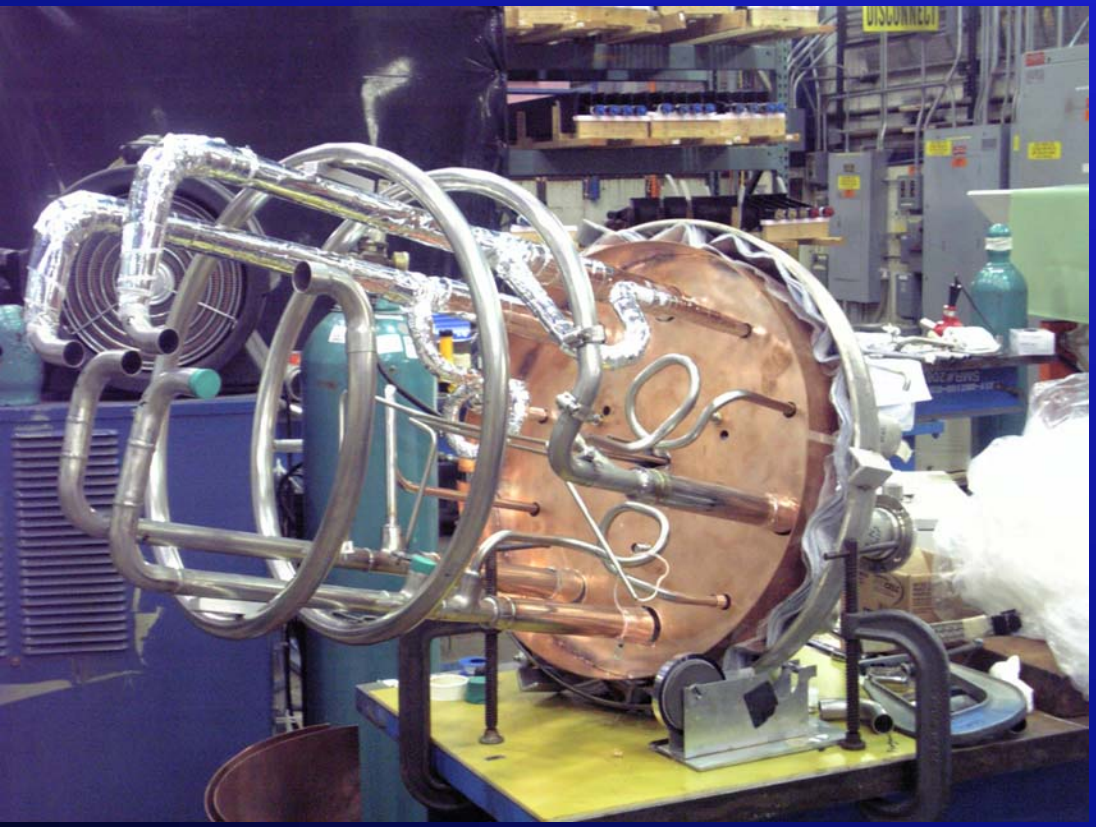


Transfer Line System

Valve Box Piping

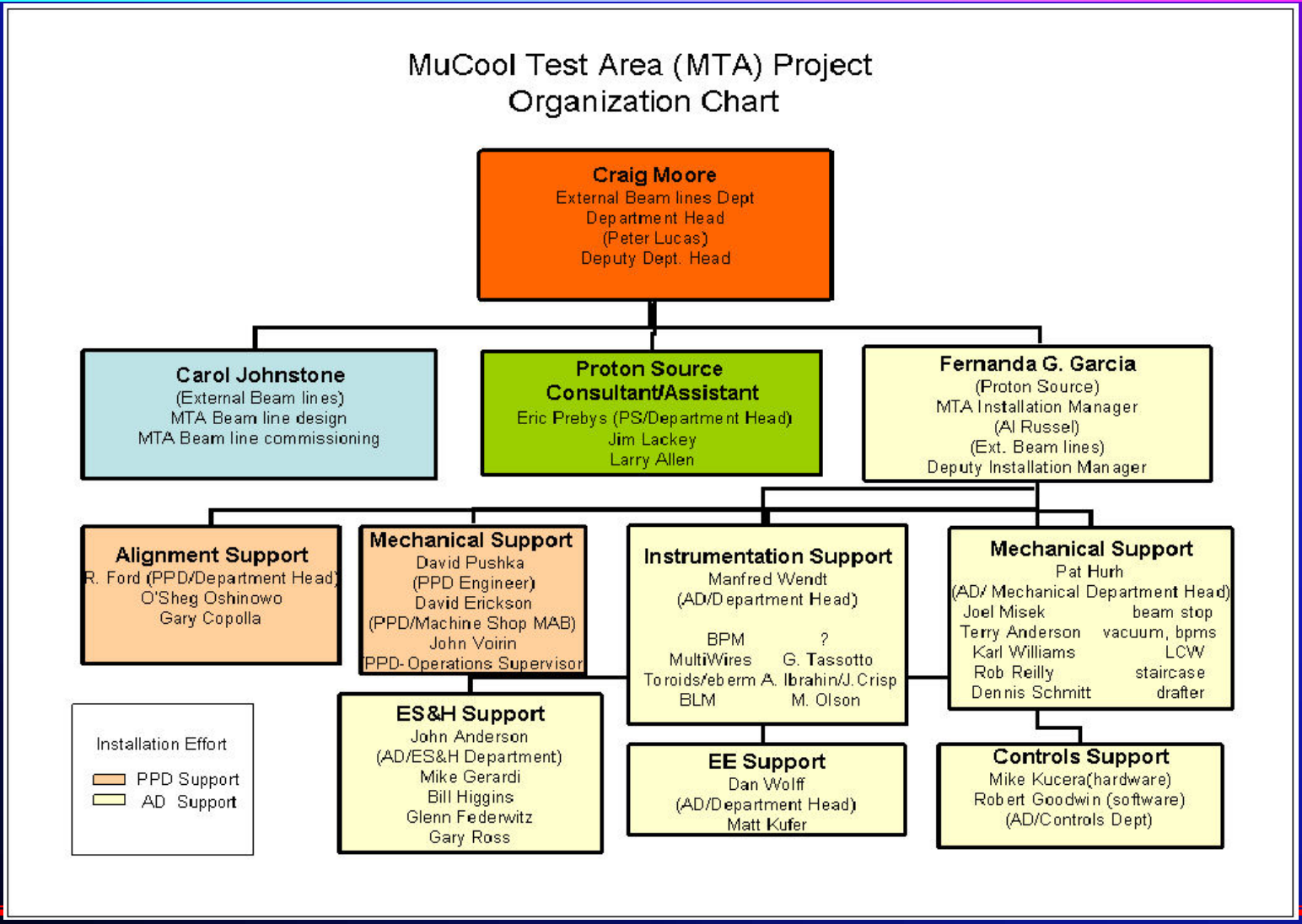
Completed Valve Box



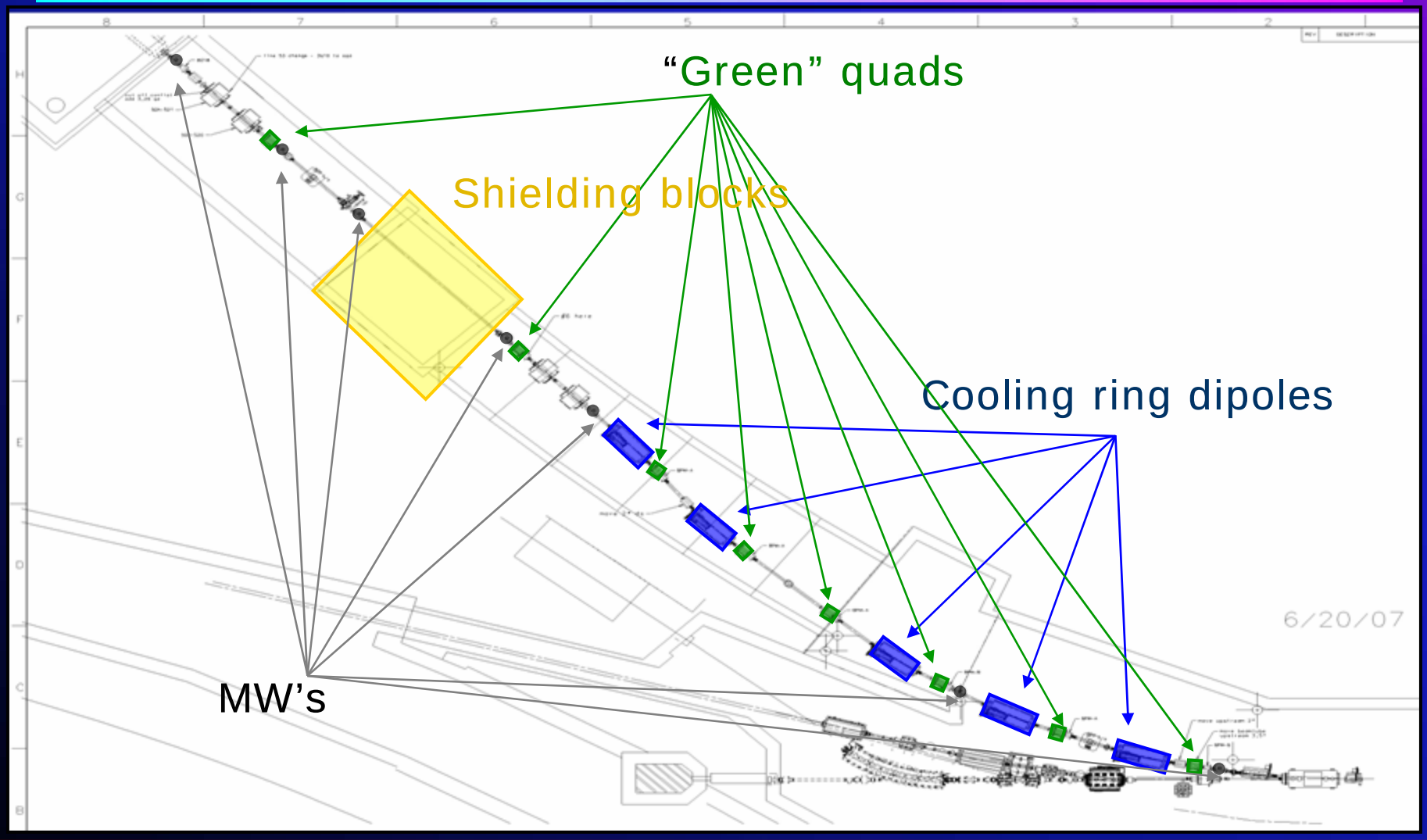


Refrig Room Valve Can

MTA Beam Line Group



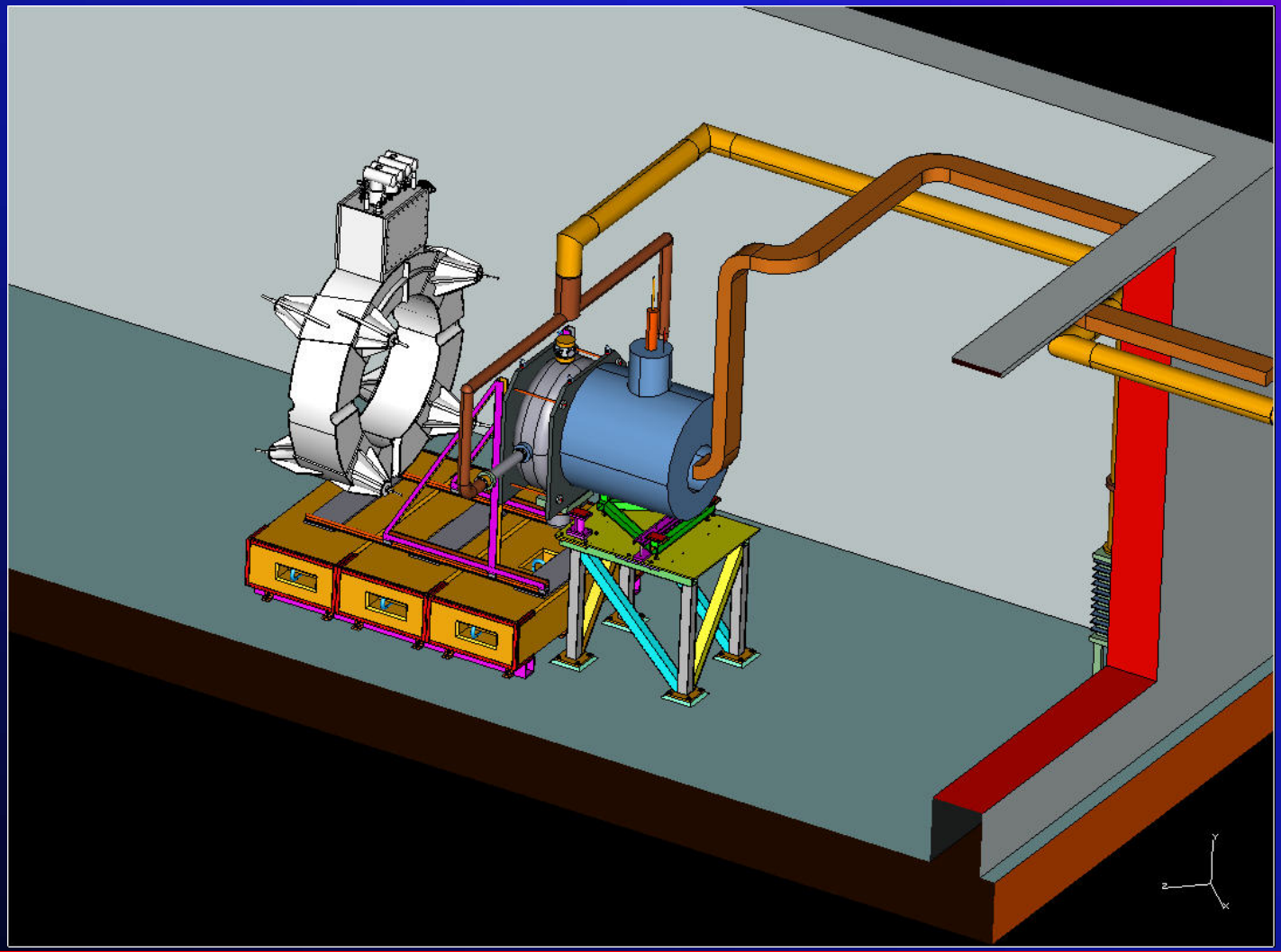
MTA Beam Line as Installed



First Beam Experiments

- Currently 5T magnet and 201 cavity on floor (below beam ht.)
- We will raise equipment to beam height
  - Also flip orientation of 201 MHz cavity and magnet
- Goal
  - First Beam Experiment (Muon's Inc HP RF Test Cell) by end of 2008

Phase II - Configuration



MTA Beam Commissioning

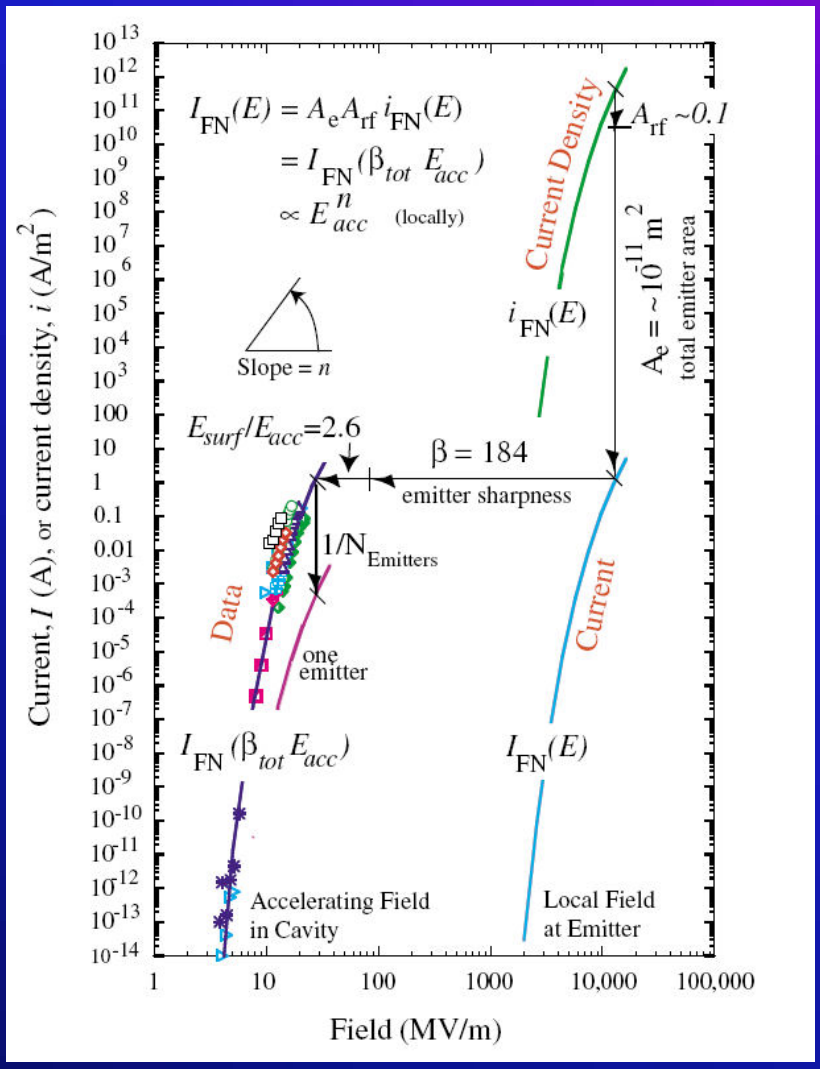
- Beam Line commissioning to first beam stop (Linac side of shield wall) may start as early as June
- Still doing radiation shielding assessments
  - Rerouting RF Power required
    - Final configuration for this still being developed
- Will start at low intensity
  - Need Shielding upgrade (over-burden) for high-intensity

RF Cavity R and D

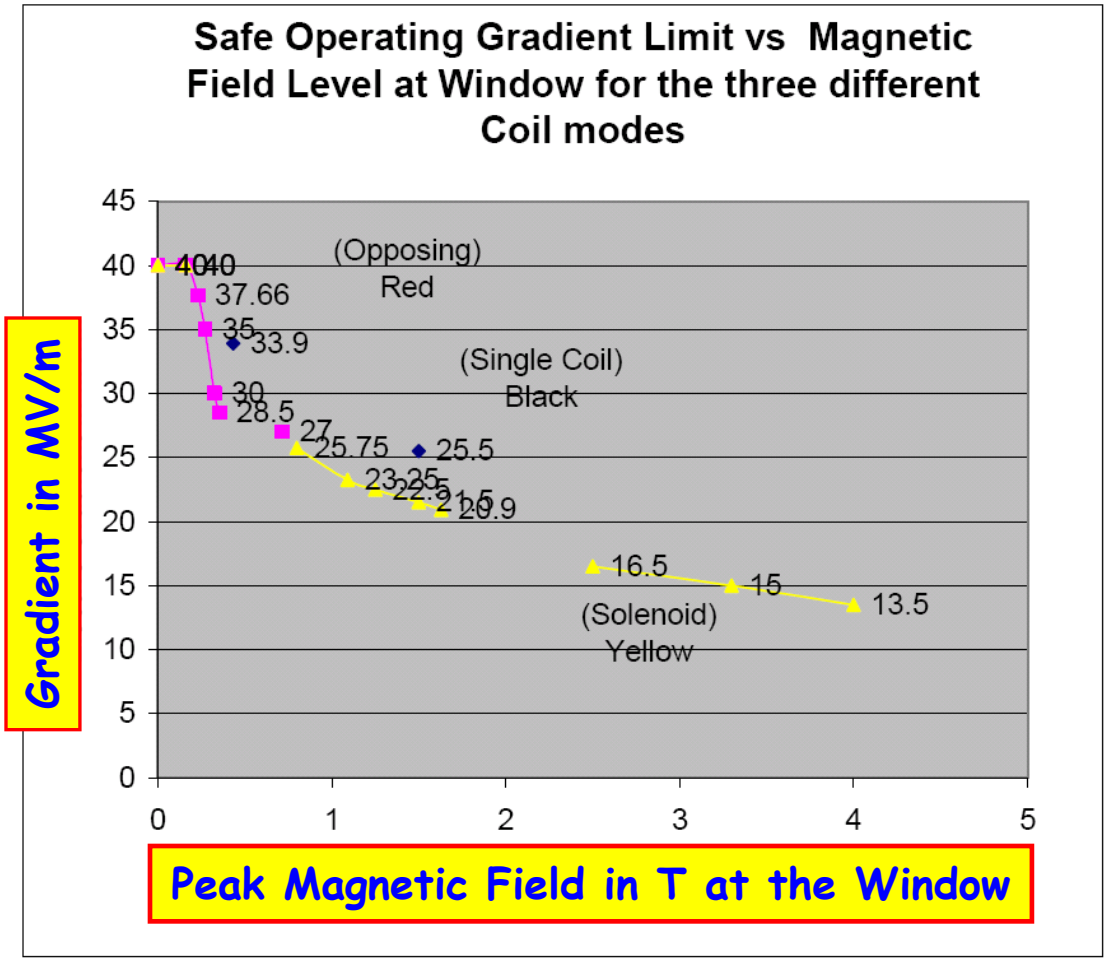
ANL/FNAL/IIT/LBNL/UMiss

Fundamental Focus Of RF R&D

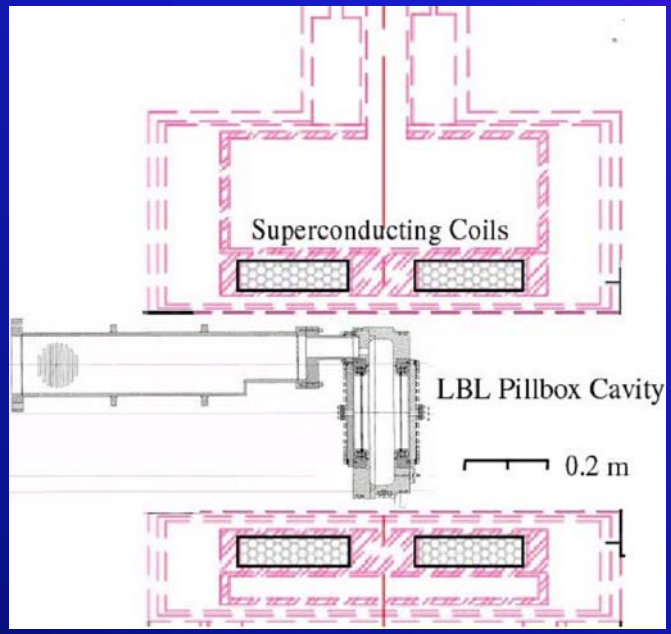
- Study the limits on Accelerating Gradient in NCRF cavities in magnetic field
- We believe that the behavior of RF systems in general can be accurately described (predicted) by universal curves
- This applies to all accelerating structures



805 MHz

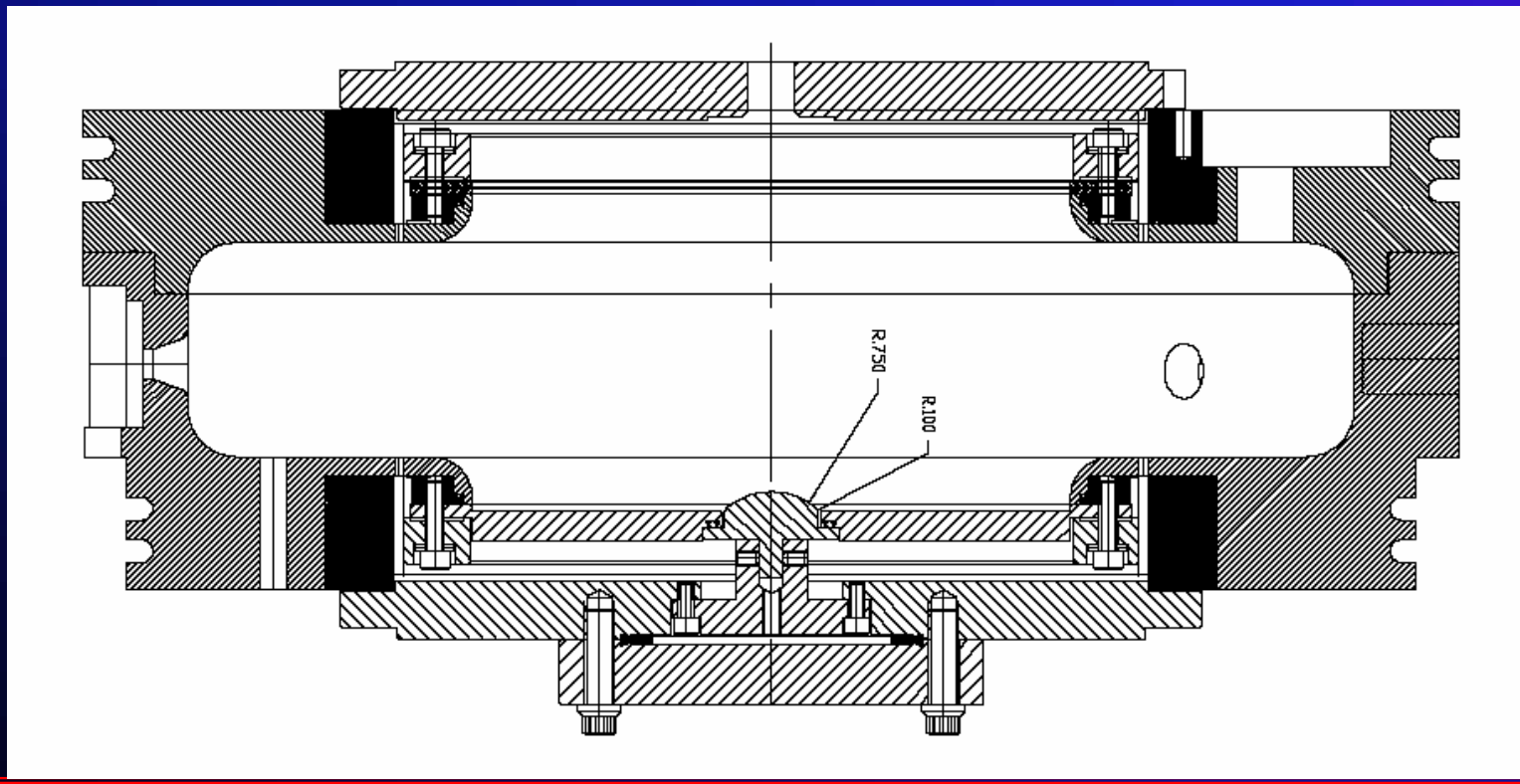


- Data seem to follow universal curve
  - Max stable gradient degrades quickly with B field
- Remeasured
  - Same results
  - Does not condition

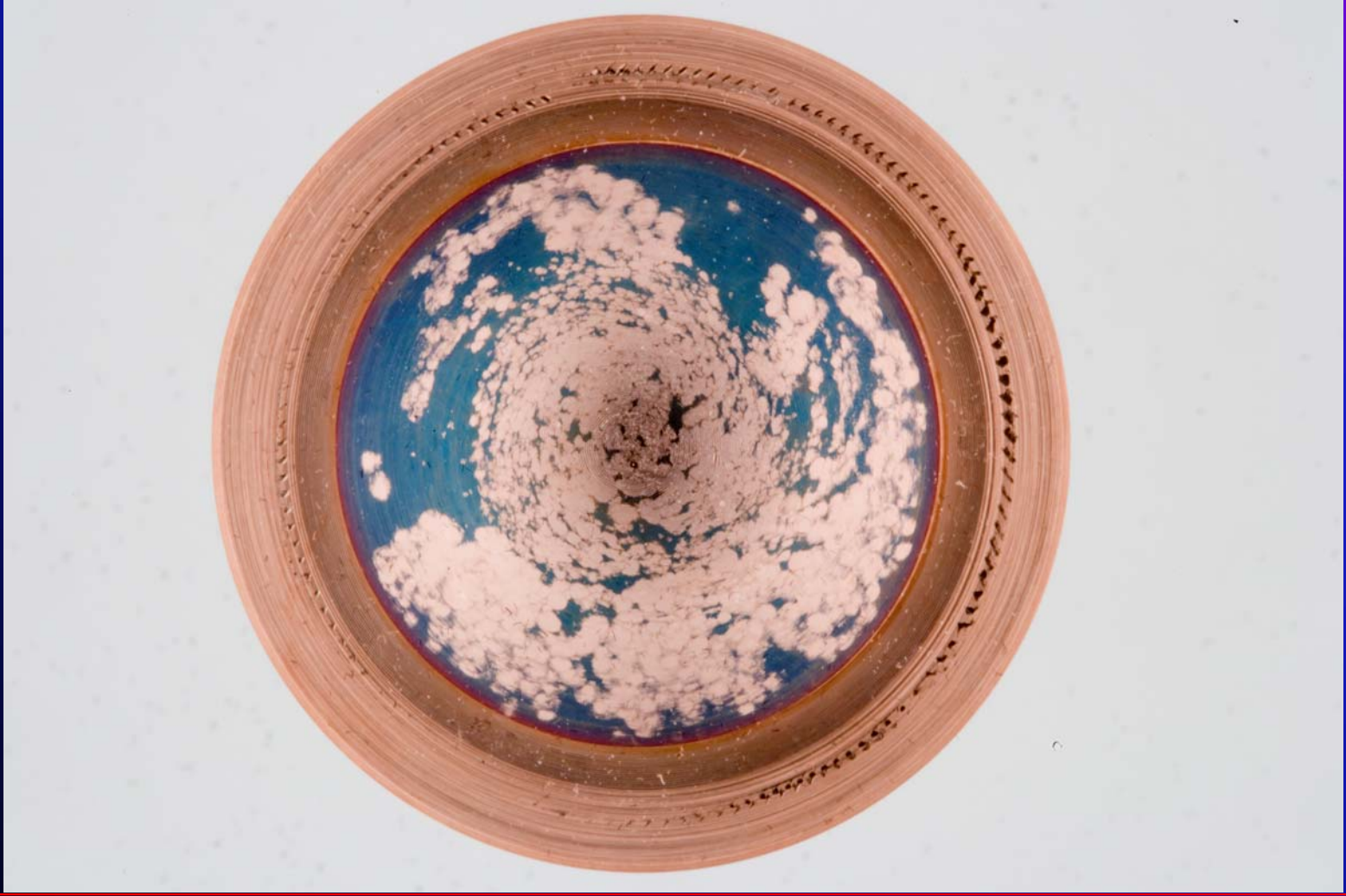


Next 805 MHz study - Buttons

- Button test
  - Evaluate various materials and coatings
  - Quick Change over

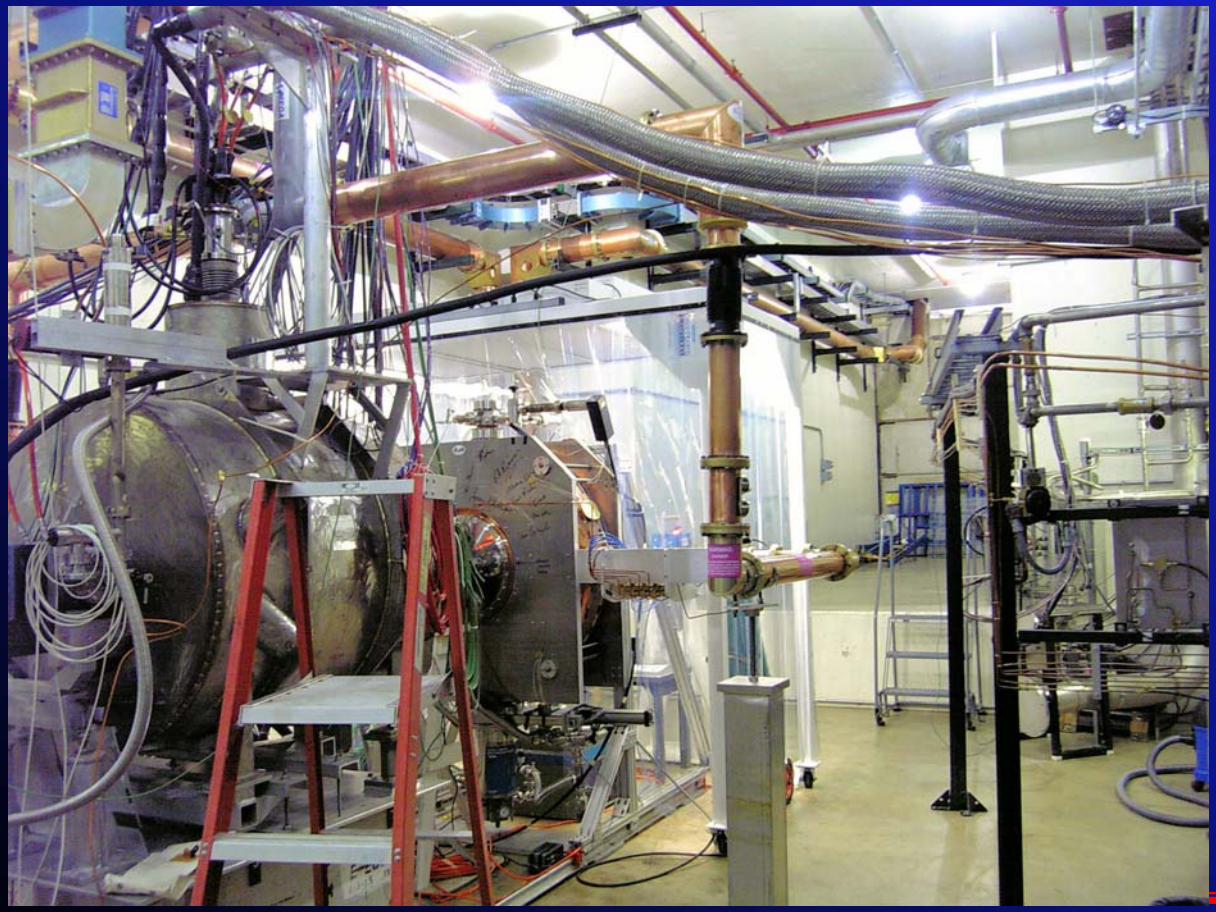


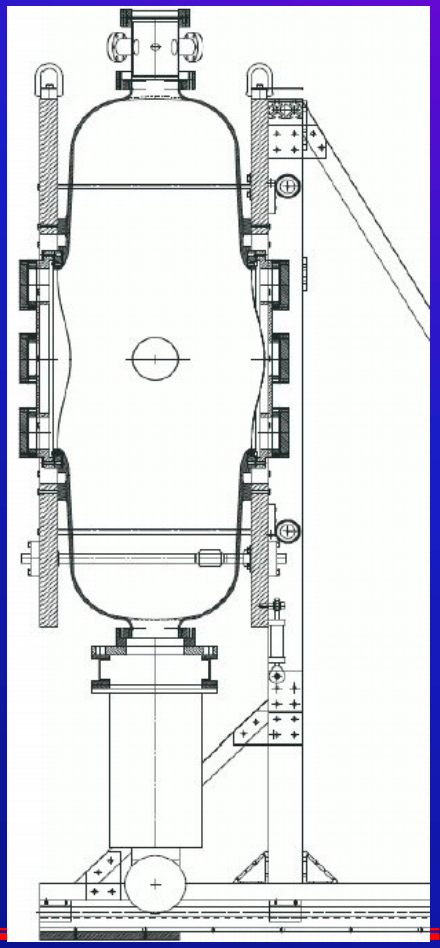
TiN Coated Cu – After Running



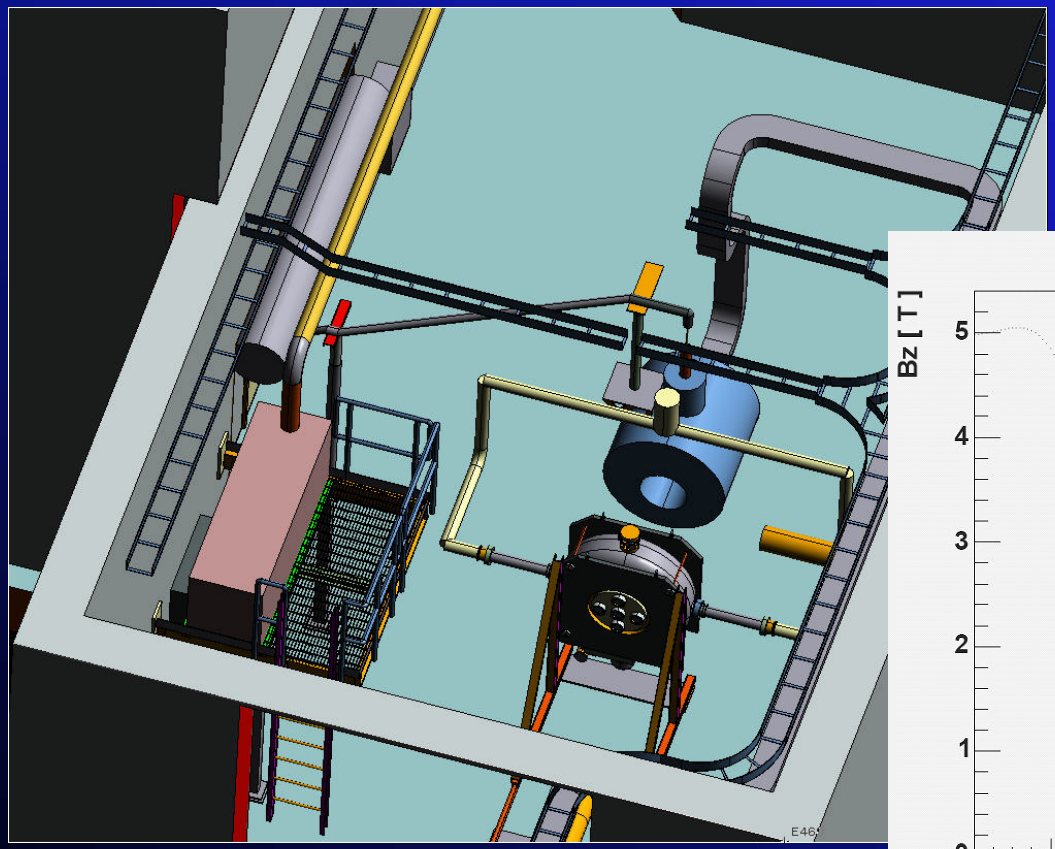
RF R&D – 201 MHz Cavity Design

- **The 201 MHz Cavity – *19 MV/m Gradient Achieved***
  - In low (few hundred G) B field. Still no breakdown. Limited by available power

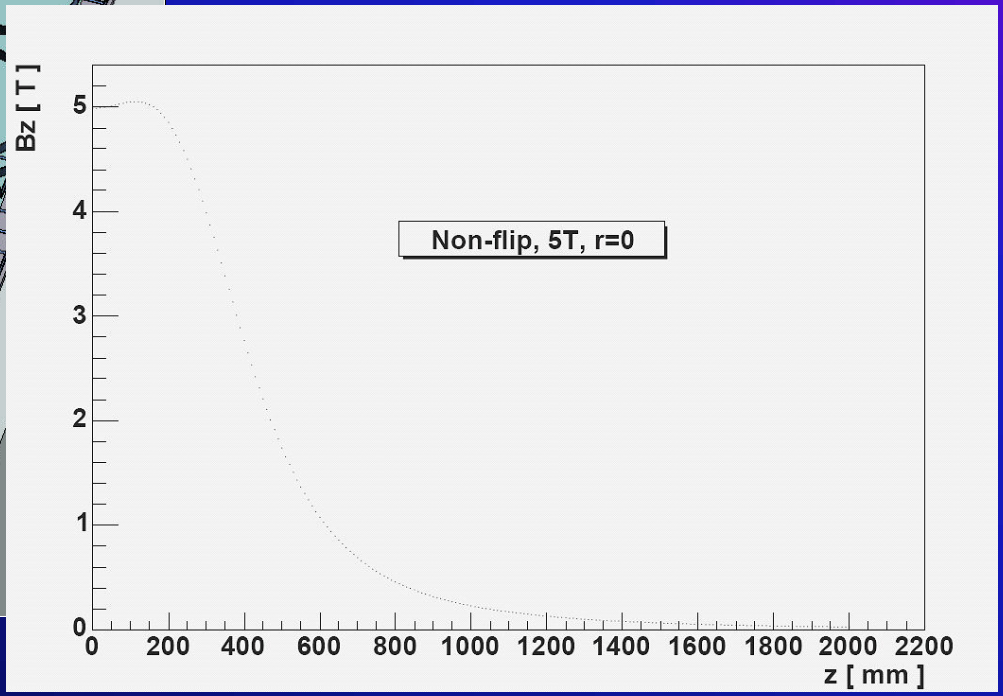




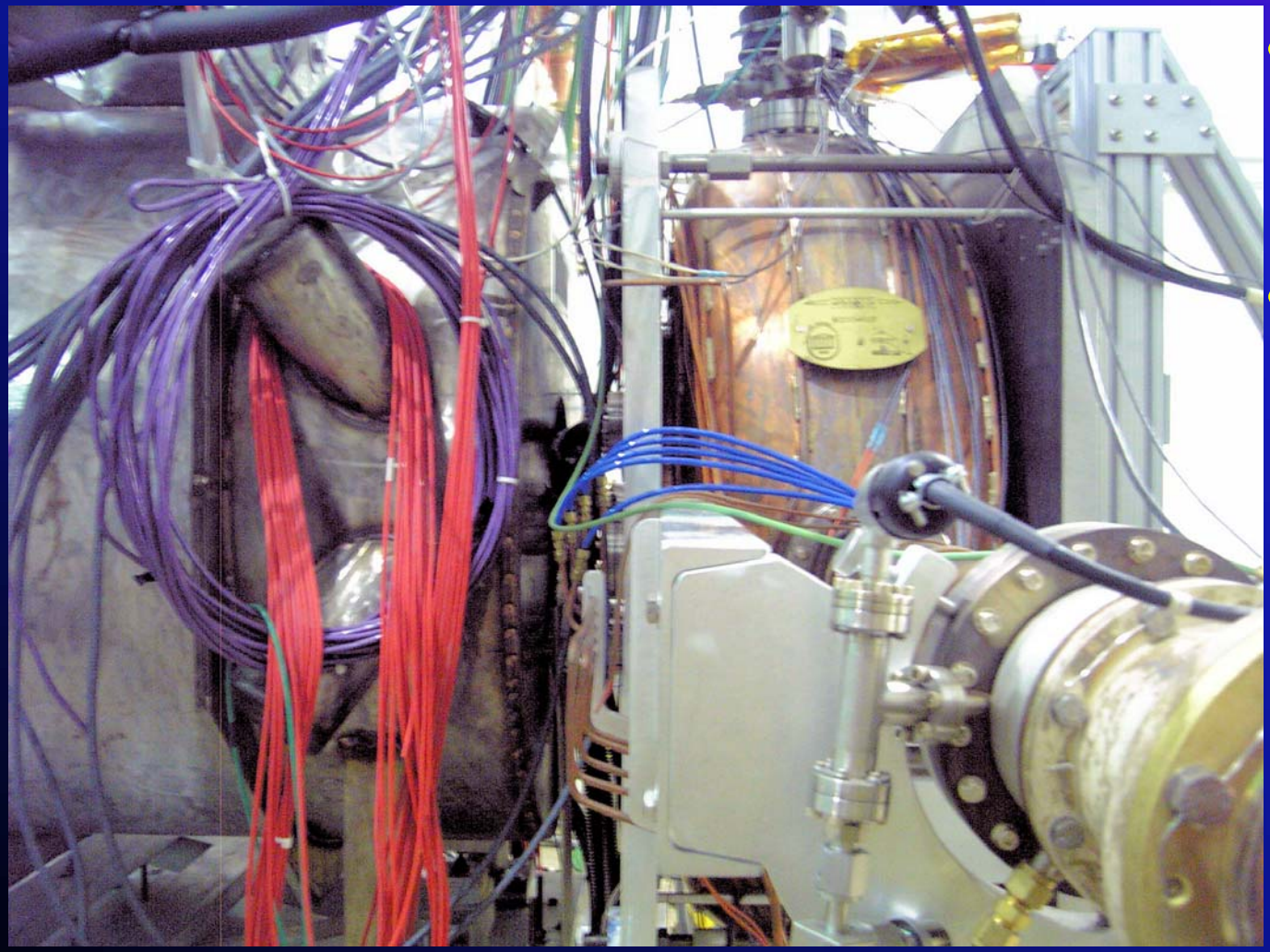
201 MHz Cavity Operation in B Field



- Initial 201 MHz operation in B Field
  - Limited to few hundred Gauss



201 in Position



- We have now moved 201 as close as possible to 5T solenoid
- Can obtain ≈ 1.5T on near window of 201

LiH Absorber R&D

Production of LiH Disks

- Only 1 vendor was found that would cast LiH
  - After some reflection (and some input from Chemists from Argonne Lab), the vendor decided casting LiH was too dangerous (production of H_2 gas)
- Made a Third Attempt to work with Y12 (Oakridge)
  - Found the engineer in charge of their LiH work and he suggested that they press (Hot 150C, Isostatic (30,000 psi) a "loaf" and machine parts to our specification from the loaf
    - They have achieved 98% theoretical density using this technique
    - They are doing R&D on casting LiH for their internal programs, but do not recommend it for our application.
      - It is very tricky due to the high temperature (700C +) and the large (30%) shrinkage on cooling
- We are in the process of setting up a contract with them to make a disk for temperature studies and 1 or 2 disks for MICE
  - Note: The Li in their LiH is ^6Li
    - For the mass we will receive, our parts will be considered Nuclear Material
      - PAPERWORK!!!

MuCool Plans for the Coming Year

- 805 MHz RF studies – Buttons (with and without B field)
  - Materials tests
  - Surface treatment (HP Wash + EP (from UK), ALD (Argonne)
  - E X B study
- 201 MHz RF
  - Continue B field studies
- Begin thermal and mechanical tests on HIP LiH absorber prototypes
- Complete MTA cryo infrastructure installation and commission system
- Commission Beam Line
- First tests with Beam Complete by January 09
  - Test of HP H_2 RF test cell with beam